# The Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 2. VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, JULY 11, 1885. NO. 28



**Thos. Storey,**

**UNDERTAKER,**

Corner of Government and Broughton streets.

A full assortment of UNDERTAKING GOODS on hand. Metallic and Wood Caskets and Coffins, Coats, Ladies and Children's Shrouds, Robes and Habits. Zinc and Lead lined Coffins and Cases furnished to order. Bodies embalmed and prepared for shipment in the very best and approved system.

Everything at most reasonable rates. Calls attended promptly day and night.

June 2.

**CHAS HAYWARD**

**Funeral Director**

**and Embalmer.**

Government St. VICTORIA, B. C.

**ESTABLISHED 1858.**

**Suits! Suits! Suits!!**

Men's Boys and Children's suits in great variet and at such

**REDUCED RATES**

As will pay you to see them before purchasing elsewhere; at

**A. GILMORE'S,**

JOHNSON STREET, Victoria.

**W. S. MASON,**

**IMPORTER,**

Wholesale Grocer & Provision Dealer

No. 2 and 4 NORTH FRONT STREET,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

All orders for Groceries, Meats, Standard or Country brands of Flour, Meals and Feed promptly filled.

Sole Agent for the "BOOGIE" HAMS, the finest cured. jy29

**OREGON MILLING CO.'S**

**ROYAL FLOUR!**

THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

Carried off two premiums at the late Mechanics' Fair, Portland. At New Orleans was sold at close of Exhibition at 50 cents more than the flour from the other States, and pronounced by leading bakers to be the best they ever used.

☞ Sold by all leading Grocers.

**JOHN WILSON,**

Moody's Block, Yates street, Victoria, Agent for British Columbia.

**BE CLEAN!**

THE BOSTON CLEANER AND REPAIRER will

**Clean and Repair Old Clothes,**

Making them look like new. Suits cleaned and pressed, $1.50; Pants cleaned, 50 cents.

**BOSTON CLEANER,**

DOUGLAS STREET,

jel9 1m Second door north of Royal Hotel

**Mechanics' Literary Institute.**

Advantages Afforded to Members

**A Library with 5000 Volumes, and Reading Room with leading Newspapers & Popular Periodicals.**

TERMS—$1 per month, or $10 per annum.

To afford insight of privileges enjoyed, FREE TICKETS of admission to the READING ROOM to non-subscribers, good for one month, may be had of the Librarian. jel1 2m

FOR SALE,

**HOTEL BUSINESS.**

THE COMMERCIAL HOTEL, situated at the corner of Cormorant and Douglas streets, with stock, and all furniture and furnishings belonging to a first class Hotel. For sale for cash. Also,

**Improved Farm,**

In Victoria District, containing 191 acres more or less, all fenced and half under cultivation. The land is suitable for all kinds of agricultural purposes. Good House, Stables and Barns on the place. On easy terms. Apply to

J. C. VON ALMEN, Prop.

je9 2m Commercial Hotel.

**$5** As the three-story brick building to be erected on the corner will obstruct my side light, the Gallery will therefore be closed on or about July 8th to make such alterations as may be necessary. In the meantime, to get stock out of the way, first-class CABINET PHOTOS will be made at $5 per doz. Children's $3. As the time is short, and as I mean business, come early and take the benefit of the reduction. **$6**

**PETERSON, Photographer,**

je25 St. James Hall, Government street.

**LAND FOR SALE**

On the Esquimalt Road,

The Craigflower Road,

And the Victoria Arm,

In Lots of One Acre and Upwards.

**ON LIBERAL TERMS**

For Particulars apply to

A. RUNDO, Hudson Bay Co's Office, or to Messrs. ALDRIDGE & MASON.

Messrs. M. P. HEISTERMAN & CO., and Messrs. LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO. my21


## WANTED

ADVERTISEMENTS under this head, three insertions, 50 cents; six insertions, 75 cents.

WANTED AT ONCE—Brickyard Laborers wanted—Wheelers, Truckers and Shovellers. Apply at the office or works.

july11 KEMPSTER BROS.

WANTED—A young man is desirous of obtaining a situation as Clerk, Assistant Bookkeeper, etc., etc. Not afraid of work. Good references. Apply to "B. L. W." TIMES office. july11 6t

WANTED—Situation—A young man, with a good moral character and steady habits, writing a good hand and apt at figures, competent and willing, desires some steady, respectable employment. Apply to James O'Neill, Colonial Hotel. july11 3t

WANTED—By gentleman of good address and business tact, position as Hotel Manager or Clerk, or situation as Bookkeeper. Has had large business experience in the East. Address "W. A. S." TIMES office. jel9

WANTED—A white servant girl. For particulars apply at the office of the Leland. july 8

WANTED—Situation by man and wife in Hotel; man as Clerk, Steward or Bar Tender, and wife as Housekeeper; or would rent bar or dining room. Address "A. B. C." TIMES office. july6 6t

WANTED—A young girl to look after a child 5 years of age and to assist in light house work. Apply to TIMES office. jc29

WANTED—As Traveler, a Dry Goods man of good address; preferred if has had an experience of the retail dry goods trade. Address, stating local and other references, "Traveler," the TIMES office. jc29

WANTED—For Assistant Bookkeeper in Victoria, a young lad or young man who thoroughly knows the dry goods trade. Will not be required to attend behind counter. Must write good hand and be quick in arithmetic. References required. Address "Assistant Bookkeeper," the TIMES office. jc29

WANTED—Furnished—A small house of four or five well furnished rooms wanted to rent for six months or a year. Any one having a house that he desires to vacate for that time will find a desirable tenant (without family) by applying, at any time during the next two weeks, to T., this office. je9

TRY IT—Try an advertisement under this heading if you require a situation. The rate is nominal—only 50 cents for three insertions.

## LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A small Dog, white and brown, with hair cut short. Any one leaving the same with Chu Chung, Cormorant street, will be rewarded. july4 6t

## BOARD.

PRIVATE BOARDING—Good accommodation for four gentlemen boarders—lodging and board. Apply to Mrs. Wilson, Pembroke street, near Douglas, or at W. Allen's Grocery store, corner Douglas and Pembroke streets. july1 6t

## FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A Front Room, furnished, within 12 minutes' walk of Post Office. Apply by letter, P. O. box 358, city. july8 3t

## FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Two No. 1 yoke Oxen and Chains. Address "Oxen" TIMES office. je8

## MEETINGS.

AN ENTERTAINMENT IS GIVEN AT TEMperance Hall every Saturday evening. Good Temperance speakers and Musical Selections, with Recitations, forming a good programme. The Blue Ribbon Band will be in attendance. All are cordially invited. Chair taken at 8 o'clock precisely. HENRY RUDGE, President.

THE Y. W. C. T. U. OF VICTORIA MEETS every third Monday in each month at Temperance Hall, on Pandora st., at 7.30 p. m. A good programme and sociable time at every meeting. Strangers cordially invited. no9-tf

Perseverance Lodge No. 1. I. O. G. T.

MEETS EVERY TUESDAY EVENING AT Temperance Hall, Pandora street, at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren are cordially invited to attend.

**MIDWIFERY.**

MRS. McGREGOR, MIDWIFE, RECENTLY from Halifax, N. S. Diploma and highest testimonials of proficiency from the University of Edinburgh. Calls promptly attended to. Residence, corner of Douglas and Cormorant street, over Gosnell's grocery store. fe14

**DR. CHIPP,**

(Licentiate of Medicine)

M. R. C. S., L. S. A., London, Eng.,

OPERATIVE SURGEON. Diseases of the Throat and Nervous System and all Organic Affections, specialties. Office hours: Morning, 9 till 1 o'clock; Evening, 6 till 9 o'clock, or at any time at night. Note—Women and Children only afternoon from 2 to 5. Office: Langley and Bastion streets, Victoria, British Columbia. my27

**DR. PADDOCK**

Specially prepared to successfully treat all Diseases of Women—Anemic Children—of the Eye, Ear, Throat and Lungs—all Deformities—Nervous and Generative Debility, etc

Deformity, Uterine and Electrical Appliances furnished. Use Electricity extensively. Prompt attention to letters of enquiry. Free consultation from 1.30 to 3.30 and 7 to 8. Office and Parlors at the Revere House (Mrs. Beaven's), Pandora street, corner Quadra. je27

**DRS. MacSWAIN & DEARDEN**

**PHYSICIANS & SURGEONS.**

OFFICE—Fort street, above Douglas. Open day and night. Telephone Call, 116.

A. MACSWAIN, M. D., L. R. C. P., London, Eng.
G. A. DEARDEN, M. D., C. M., McGill, Montreal
dec11

FOR SALE,

**A Yacht,**

**SLOOP RIG,**

About 6 tons, nearly new; 2 suits sails, and fitted out first class both on deck and in cabin. Enquire at E. M. Johnson's office. je26

**TABLE DELICACIES.**

AND ALL KINDS OF

**FINE FAMILY GROCERIES**

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

**Provisions, Liquors, Etc.,**

Every article for hotel, boarding house or private family use.

**HENRY SAUNDERS**

Johnson Street

**Dr. Jackson's Office and Drug Store**

REMOVED TO DUCK'S BUILDING,

**CORNER JOHNSON & BROAD STS.**

Office hours, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m. and 6 to 9 p. m. Telephone call, office No. 182; Residence 38. je2 1m

## A. F. & A. MASONRY.

### A Sermon Preached in St. John's Church, Victoria, B. C.,

On St. John's Festival, before the Masonic Brethren, June 1885.

By Rev. Bro. Canon Dwyer, A. M., Prov. Grand Chaplain.

"Charity never faileth."—
1 Corinthians, Ch. 13, vs. 8.

Some things there are only temporary in their nature and introductory in their use. Such were faith and hope in their bearing upon charity. These were the scaffoldings to be taken down when the temple shall be erected and stand forth in beauty and endurance, a joy for ever. And accordingly on an occasion such as this, I would not detain you with speculations that might be doubtful, or in groping after the origin of

MASONIC TRADITIONS

and its legendary lore, however useful and approved these may be in the practice of our ritual, and of the symbolic teachings of our system. Whether these originated with the old-world giant-minds of the Aryan races, or were due to the Hebrew fathers, or else (being laid upon the broader, deeper and earlier foundations of natural needs addressed to manly natures) did only take their special forms and shapes as they became developed in Patriarchal, Jewish, Pagan or Christian lands during the progress of successive ages. All these and such-like questions, I leave to the learned to decide and for the studious to investigate. What Masonry is, and does, and with what allied, will more than suffice for our immediate thought, befitting alike the requirements of a Christian assembly and a high festal celebration of the Masonic order. Let me lay it down then, once for all, that Masonry is but a human institution, and makes no pretensions to a system of religion, and least of all proffers herself as a substitute for revelation. All she does is simply this: She humbly walks by the side of revelation in strict alliance, so far as she goes. Thus, then, we must clearly perceive that revealed religion and the Masonic institution are in many respects identified, although in some they differ. The points of identity are mainly these: Both radiate from one common center, even God, the Supreme Architect of the Universe and the sole fountain of life and light. An open bible is recognized to be quite as indispensible in the one as in the other system. This is made the actual deputy and the silent witness for God on the most solemn occasion. And on all occasions, great and small alike, the bible rests upon her altars, is the Mason's first great light. But further, not only is she way of significant ceremony, but of individual guidance, is God's written word exalted. For the earliest recommendations to each newly made Mason urges upon him "the most serious contemplation of the sacred law, and that he must consider it the unerring standard of truth and justice by which he regulates his actions according to the divine precepts it contains." The two systems also cover the same ground and occupy an identical area of external practice, namely: Duty to God in piety, duty to man in charity, duty to self in purity. If you pass in review the

INTERNAL PRINCIPLES

and cardinal virtues, common to both, you will find the former to be brotherly love, charity, truth, and the latter, temperance, fortitude, prudence and justice. And all these are to be cultivated and kept in vital activity, through meditation and prayer, and the study of God's revealed will. Of course there are points of difference of various kinds. The boundary lines which mark the development of revealed religion in its modern aspects of expansion, present the rugged and too often rash features of sectarian animosity, party spirit and political violence, as well as the acute angles of nationalism and social caste. These novel features, these unloveable lines, are obliterated from the circumference of Masonry, which is drawn deep, broad and even, and thus affords an ample and firm platform on which men may stand and learn to know and love one another better, and to work for good in many ways, although they may widely differ in opinion upon politics, religion and many matters. In all this you will not mistake me, I do feel sure. I mean not to assert that all that is revealed by God for man to follow is contained in and inculcated by Masonry. But what I do maintain and will stand to is this: That a good man (as good as ever passed from earth to Heaven) may be a Mason and become not the less good and godly for being one, nor restricted in his field of usefulness, and capacity for service of God, but rather very much the other way. And now, having dealt with Masonry in its abstract or ideal, we glance briefly at it in its concrete form and

ACTUAL WORKING.

And thus a fair decision may be arrived at, as to how far she may have gone off the right track; also, if not off one, but still on the right road, how much more of this is to be traversed that she may fulfill her glorious mission to the full. One of the evils into which Masonry has fallen in times past and in other lands is excess in convivial potations. Now, in your admirable arrangements, there is nothing of the kind possible. On the contrary, a model Blue Ribbon society might almost take a leaf out of your book. I feel it a solemn duty thus to bear my public testimony to the abstinent character of your refreshments. And I do this all the rather, because a lingering suspicion may rest with some that things are differently conducted and not for the good of Masonry. Another thing is that your order has not plunged into politics and become the instrument of revolutionary movements, as in the unification of Italy, and as under the action taken in other lands. We thank God, that there is no temptation to this in our favored country. We have as much liberty as we are well able to use, and whoever may rise up against Queen Victoria it will not be the Masonic brotherhood, among whom every male child of her Most Gracious Majesty who has come to manhood, has been enrolled as members of the order. And the heir of England's crown occupies the highest position in the great English order with dignity, credit and to the profit of all. And all this is in addition to our specific formal obligations on this head. A third and very serious evil once and again assailing our order is atheism. This was so in Germany about a hundred years ago, and it is the case in the France of to-day. Now, let me remind you of the terms in which an ancient charge runs, in dealing with this point: "A Mason is bound to obey the moral law, and if he rightly understands the craft, he will never be

A STUPID ATHEIST,

a religious libertine or act against his conscience." But let me now read the solemn resolution of the Grand Lodge of Ireland on the subject. On Nov. 1, 1877, the following resolution was unanimously passed: "Whereas, the Grand Lodge of Ireland has received official notification that the Grand Orient of France has altered the first article of its constitution from its previous form and omitted therefrom, as one of the fundamental principles, a belief in the existence of God and the immortality of the soul, the Grand Lodge of Ireland hereby resolves: That the Grand Orient of France, having by such alteration, rendered admissible as members of lodges within its jurisdiction individuals who do not believe in the existence of a personal deity, has thereby caused a breach in the foundations of Ancient Masonry, and acted in violation of the first great principle of the order. And therefore the Grand Lodge of Ireland hereby declares that it cannot continue to recognize the Grand Orient of France as a Masonic body, and directs all lodges working under the Irish constitution, to decline receiving any Masons, as person, hailing from the Grand Orient of France, or any subordinate lodge under its jurisdiction." In like manner the Grand Lodge of England and the American Grand Lodges passed resolutions strongly reprobating this violation of the fundamental principles of the craft, and forbidding communion with Masons hailing from the Grand Orient of France, and this daring subversion of first principles is no less repulsive and odious in the judgment of the Masonic brotherhood of British Columbia. Thus, then, having demonstrated your perfect exemption from these great evils and abuses, which have disfigured or weakened the order or brought it into deserved ill-repute elsewhere. One thing more remains for us to determine, and it is this. That as you are on the right road, we must ascertain how much farther you may have to proceed and what advances are yet to be made, in order that the Masonic Order

MAY BE CONSPICUOUS

in British Columbia as elsewhere, not only for the absence of what is evil but for the presence of what is excellent, lovely and of good report. For instance, assuming, as so well one may, that your internal arrangements and the actual workings of your order are in a highly creditable condition, what is there that is to be found elsewhere which is not found here of things external, visible to the public eye and affording unanswerable demonstration of the noble characteristics and splendid charities of the order? "Masonry" (to quote from the words of an address recently delivered), "has wiped the tear from the scalding eyes of the distressed, has relieved the wants of the suffering, has cheered the sad chamber of sickness, and kindly smoothed the pathway to the tomb, and when the immortal spirit has quitted its tenement of clay, reverently deposits the body in its mother earth, and finds a burial for the poor as well as the rich, then hastens to pour balm of consolation into the bosom of his sorrowing relatives. The green turf which covers the mortal remains of the departed brother does not hide him and his Masonry's arms embrace his bereaved relict and kindly encircles his orphans, its hand directs their education, and guides their infant footsteps in paths of usefulness and honor." May I add that in response to this appeal the Masonic Brethren of Ireland built two noble orphan homes, and when some $25,000 more were yet needed to complete the work contributed in three days at a grand sale in the city of Dublin to meet this requirement the sum of nearly $40,000. If there is or is to be occasion for such an institution, or one for widows either, I do feel assured that you will be just as

READY TO CONTRIBUTE

to this as you are now ready to aid any brother overtaken by distress or to take up any other work of a kindred nature. And this you do and will do, even though our country is a new one, our numbers are limited, and that benefit societies attract many away who might otherwise desire membership in your order, which is a far nobler institution, because a beneficent society. Anyhow, even if so congenial a movement may not appear urgent and advisable at the present time, you will not on this account forsake or forget even a single orphan or widow of a deceased brother, but place each one in some suitable affiliated institution, if not (even as not seldom already done) take them to your own homes, and thus prove to outsiders what are the mighty compulsions strong as death, aye and even stronger, which the "mystic tie" is able to exert upon your "hearts your pockets and your hands." And now I have done this task, and only ask of you each one (whether Masonic brother or not) to cultivate above all things that "charity which never faileth." Here in life and time, this will not "fail" among those, at least, of an order which for duration goes back to the days in which sorrow first appeared to challenge sympathy—which in respect of its extension

ENVELOPES THE WORLD

as its diocese—which in respect of membership, includes alike the King who ascends the throne and the sweep who climbs a chimney—which in respect of its objects has left behind as a golden clue unmistakeable traces of the glory and beauty of piety, benevolence and virtuous self-control; which above all erects her altars fast by the oracles of God. These are our jewels, and the decorations and insignia that we prize above all else are the orphans we rear and the widows we cheer. And what shall I say of, or how laud worthily, its lofty future, this "charity that never faileth" outwards and onwards past the confines of death and our victory over the grave, when the redeemed of God, landed in the world to come and the life everlasting, shall claim the New Jerusalem, the paradise of God, and the tree of life, as all their own domain. And it shall stand, too, in the judgment day before the great white throne, assuring evidence and acceptable proof of a vital relationship established with its Father and God, through the atoning blood of God's own lamb, and sealed by the Holy Spirit of promise. And it shall also sing amidst the high felicities and the happy choirs of the glorified, where there shall be no need of candle or light of the Sun or Moon or other intervening medium of communication or reflection. Yes, indeed, "charity never faileth," and, accordingly, the soul that is stamped with these divine lineaments, as practical characteristics wrought in life and time, just as it is capacitated to outlast the universe, so shall it become a sharer in the immortality of God. Yours be then meanwhile an anticipated beatitude, a sanctity which even now the breathes of Paradise, a grace already tinged with the richer hues of glory—a charity stamped with the very likeness of deity in the noblest of all his perfections, befitting you at once for the companionship of angels, yea even of the lord of angels. And now to God, the Father, the Son and the Holy Ghost, three persons and one God, be all honor and glory and Might and Majesty and Dominion, now and forever more—Amen.

## RIEL'S TRIAL.

**The Views of Hon. Mr. Chapleau's Organ on the Case.**

We clip the following from "La Presse" of the 15th of June, the recognized organ in Montreal of the Hon. M. Chapleau, Secretary of State:

"Attention will now be concentrated on Riel's trial. The government is sending two legal celebrities from Toronto and one from Quebec to undertake the prosecution. We have already expressed our opinion upon this action of the Minister of Justice, which seems to us the more useless as there are in the Province of Manitoba and those of the Northwest some hundred lawyers, of whom many would better conduct this case.

The accused will be defended at the same time by two men, equally eloquent, learned and trusted. We are sure they will honorably fulfill their mission.

"But what we regret in all this is that there has not been one single representative man, either in the Commons or the Senate, to ask for the recall of that exceptional legislation in existence in the Northwest, and that no one has asked that Riel and his confederates be given the benefit of the common law in force in the other parts of the British possessions. Nowhere else can an accused person be found guilty unless it be by the unanimous verdict of twenty-four of his peers, chosen according to certain rules which ensure impartiality—twelve grand jurors and twelve small jurors.

"Riel will be judged by six men chosen by a magistrate who will be anything but sympathetic to him.

"Do our representatives in Ottawa not know this disposition of this exceptional law, or have they ceased to be interested in the old principles of English justice?

"At any rate, this silence in so solemn a circumstance is most significant."

**Riel's Wife.**

Louis Riel's wife and her two children, accompanied by Riel's brother Joseph, arrived in Winnipeg Tuesday night. Joseph Riel left Winnipeg on the 3rd inst. for Batoche, having received a letter from his brother Louis requesting him to proceed there and take his wife and children to his (Joseph's) home at St. Vital. After a tedious journey he arrived safely at Batoche and found Louis' wife and family living in a house owned by Cuthbert Fayan, situated about one mile below the village. During the fighting at Batoche the insurgent leader's family, with other families, were in a ravine and escaped unhurt. After the fight they went to the house mentioned, where they remained until Riel's brother arrived to take them to his home. On his arrival at this ever memorable place he found it in a deplorable state. The people who were there had nothing to eat, and he was informed by natives that a commissariat furnished them with food as long as General Middleton remained there, but after the departure of the troops the people had to live on what they could pick up. He said the troops burned and destroyed over twenty-five houses in the fight, and a great number of families are in consequence left in a very unfortunate condition, all their clothes and furniture being lost. He does not know how the people are to get along, as the troops took nearly all the cattle and horses they could lay their hands on.

**The Onderdonk Section.**

A special telegram from Port Moody to the Oregonian says that on Saturday, the Fourth, Hon. J. W. Trutch, the Dominion government agent for British Columbia, with one or two others, went up over the line from here to Savonas Ferry, 227 miles, which forms the Pacific division, on a tour of inspection. If everything is found satisfactory they will accept the road on behalf of the government, from Contractor Onderdonk. They expect to make the run from Port Moody to Yale in an hour and forty-five minutes, and one of the requirements to the acceptance presumably was that they should not have their necks broken in so doing. However, this division is in good condition, and is completed if accepted as such by the government agent, as it undoubtedly will be. The people hope after the road is completed by the government to be relieved from the exorbitant rates charged by the contractor. At the present rate of progress trains will surely be running from Halifax to Port Moody by October. It is said that the line of steamers from Port Moody to China and Japan will be put on immediately upon the completion of the road.

**A Suggestion to Brickmakers.**

Why don't some of our enterprising brickmakers manufacture pressed brick? Parties now building would use them for fronts if they could be got. There is no prettier building than one in which pressed bricks are laid in white mortar, with freestone or marble trimmings. The cities of Baltimore and Philadelphia are noted the world over for the beautiful fronts of their brick buildings, and that is due to the process of manufacture now recommended to our brick men. Brick that requires to be painted, either to preserve the building or beautify its appearance, would be discarded altogether in other cities. Were a better article supplied in Victoria, it would find ready sale, as the tastes of our people are certainly not behind those of other places. Just now, when there would seem to be considerable rivalry in brick manufacture, the maker that will adopt our suggestion will find that he will not get left behind in the keen competition that will probably follow during the next year or two.

**Riel Still in Shackles.**

A Regina correspondent of the Montreal Star writes that Riel will probably be confined in a cell in the Court House during the trial, in order to overcome the task of conveying him from the barracks, nearly three miles distant, daily. In that event the members of the Garrison Artillery will likely serve as a guard, camping in the vicinity of the Court House. The remaining four batteries, under Colonel Oswald, are under orders to proceed to Winnipeg momentarily, where they expect to remain until the arrival of Gen. Middleton's forces. A start is expected to be made on Friday. Riel, while exercising, still continues to wear shackles, no instructions from Ottawa to the contrary having yet been received.


The celebrated RELIANCE GINGER ALE, the best in the world, at FRED'K'S Co's.


## VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

[While the columns of THE TIMES are open for the discussion of questions of public interest, to correspondents, it must be understood that it does not necessarily endorse, nor coincide with, the sentiments expressed by writers in this column.]

**Mr. Edward Allen, M. P. P., Justifies Course.**

To THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES:

SIR,—I should not trouble you to-day, but I am obliged to do so, in answer to one or two remarks from "Anon," whose letter appeared in your issue of the 26th of June. "Anon" has thought fit to couple my name with that of the government in reference to the bribery and corruption spoken of by the Attorney-General, at the late meeting at Clinton. I must here state that when Mr. Davie made use of those words he knew he was making a deliberate false statement, and I defy him, or the chief commissioner to say that I ever did, upon any occasion, refer to or use any cant towards the government, under any pretense whatsoever. My son was appointed to the position because he was known to be a practical mechanic and a thorough workman, which I think he has fully proved himself to be, and which no man but J. F. Smith, the Clinton school teacher, has dared to deny. Mr. Davie had only one object in view when he made use of that expression, and that was, by making it appear that the appointment was a political one, he could also discharge him under the same pretense. I can at once see the position he has placed himself and his colleagues in by this statement. But Mr. Davie did not intend his assertion to go broadcast, and prove to the people from his own slippery tongue, that their general policy was as correct as it was selfish. He intended only to pull the soft wool over the eyes of the voters, but in this he will be mistaken. It is a well known fact that I had not been in the House more than ten days before I voted against the government party, and cast my vote on the side of Mr. Beaven. At all times I have taken a pride in voting according to my own dictates and the wish of those who elected me. "Anon" also states that I acknowledged voting for measures that I now say I am ashamed of. I say so still, I voted for the Eagle Pass wagon road bill; but the bill then before the house was for a wagon road throughout and to be 12 feet wide. But since the bill passed the House there is still 9 miles not made, but where lakes have been utilized; and the government have called for tenders for the four ferries. Thus costing a loaded team there and back not less then $20, and foot passengers 25 cents at each lake and each way, making it a tax of $2 on each passenger. Why should G. B. Wright, or any other contractor, be let of in such a manner. It was proof that G. B. Wright was too smart for the Chief Commissioner; but the people are the victims. If the government calls that a wagon road the sooner the Chief Commissioner is out of office the better for the province.

I next come to the Constitutional Amendment Act, of which I still say I am ashamed. The vote stood 15 to 14 without me. I knew that the senior member for the district was at all times making capital out of any vote I cast adverse to him, and seeing that my vote could not defeat the bill I let it go, rather than be voting all the time against the government and to the detriment of my own district. Mention is also made that two superintendents were appointed to do the work that one had formerly done. This is positively untrue; because in the year before there was no less than three foremen on the Lillooet district roads and as many cooks. So it was a great saving to merge them all into our camp, which was done and saved at least $100 per month. This was pointed out to the provincial secretary, who at once recommended the appointment. With regard to the letters written by Tom Reed and J. F. Smith, the Clinton school teacher, I do not think it worth my while to answer; the latter I think beneath my notice. All I have to say about the former is, that he is a disappointed man. The Clinton ring wanted him appointed assessor and collector, and I would not allow it. He is quite welcome to soft soap Mr. Davie for all he can get, and that will not be much—because the people will not stand it.

EDWARD ALLEN.

**Portlands vs. Tacomas.**

At Tacoma on Thursday the Portland base ball team met the Tacomas on the diamond field. Owing to the short notice given there was only moderate attendance. The Portlands went to the bat. Their batting was excellent, but their fielding was poor, though more than a match for the Tacomas, owing to longer and continuous practice. The game all round was one of heavy batting. The score stood: Portland 30, Tacoma 16. Time of game, 2 hours and 45 minutes. Portlands 33 base hits, Tacomas 22 base hits. Umpire, M. Ford, of Portland.

**The Upper Kootenai Mines.**

A letter to the Oregonian from Sand Point, Idaho, says: Mr. R. T. Galbraith, with his pack train of ninety animals, is down from upper Kootenai after a cargo of merchandise. He reports the prospect of the mines good for this time of the year. There is quite a rush to Pooley creek. About forty Chinamen from the old camp have gone up there and are taking out from $1 50 to $8 per day. After the water goes down they expect to do better.

**Fire at Yale.**

A telegram from Yale last evening says that the boiler-house at the railway machine shop caught fire on Thursday night. The cause is said to be that while a workman was filling a torch lamp with oil the can exploded, setting fire to the building. The flames rapidly spread and extended to the machine shop, but the great exertions of the workmen and others soon mastered them. The damage is less than $500, and the shops will begin running on Monday morning.

**Canadian Cheese.**

An eminent authority states that one of the principal reasons why Canadian dairymen turned their attention to making cheese was the failure to make butter that could be exported at a profit. Putting all their cream into their cheese is therefore the principal reason why Canadian cheese, through its superiority, is rapidly ousting in foreign markets its rival made in the states. Butter and cheese cannot be taken to the same market unless the quality of the cheese suffers accordingly.

To most children the bare suggestion of a dose of castor oil is nauseating. Why not, then, when physic is necessary for the little ones, use Ayer's Cathartic Pills? They combine every essential and valuable principle of a cathartic medicine, and being sugar-coated are easily taken. Prices at Fred'k & Co's, Fort street.

## THE WIDE WORLD.

### THIS DAY'S DESPATCHES.

**The French in Annam.**

Special to THE TIMES.

PARIS, July 10.—A dispatch to the government from Hue, capital of Annam, arrived to-day. It says Gen. DeCourcy has issued a manifesto to the effect that with the exception of a few of the ring-leaders, who planned the recent unprovoked attack upon the French troops at Hue, all those rebels who surrender within twelve days will be granted a general amnesty. The Annamite troops at Hue and its environs have disbanded and surrendered their arms to Gen. DeCourcy.

**The Hessian Fly's Devastations.**

Special to THE TIMES.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., July 10.—The Hessian fly has made great devastation in the wheat fields of various townships in Wayne county. In Arcadia the loss is estimated at $30,000, and in the immediate vicinity of Lyons the loss is estimated by careful observers at $70,000. In some places farmers are burning wheat fields, in order to exterminate the insects as far as possible.

**A Ship Canal.**

Special to THE TIMES.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 10.—Gen. Annekoph has proposed a scheme for the construction of a ship canal from the Caspian Sea to Michaels Bay, to avoid a transfer of cargo from deep to light draught vessels.

**Negotiations Suspended.**

Special to THE TIMES.

MADRID, July 10.—U. S. Minister Foster has suspended negotiations with Spain concerning the proposed new commercial treaty with the U. S.

## FOUND DROWNED.

**Body of an Unknown Man Found in the Harbor.**

This morning, between six and seven o'clock, the body of a man was seen floating in the harbor by one of the deck hands on the steamer Rithet, which was lying at the wharf. It was about one hundred yards from the boat, and just outside of the Hudson Bay wharf. Some men on the Rithet took a boat and took the body to the landing at the foot of Yates street, where it was given in charge of the police, who removed it to the gaol yard. The body is that of a man about forty years of age, stoutly built, and evidently a working man. It was dressed in blue jersey pants or overalls, red flannel shirt and coat. The sum of ten dollars and thirty cents was found in a pocket of the pants, but no paper or letter to disclose the name of the deceased. At half past eleven an inquest was held before Coroner Johnson and a jury composed of Alexander Black, foreman, Wm. Parker, Joseph Lippett, William McGuire, Howard Gordon and Geo. F Cook. The first witness was Dr. Taylor, who deposed that he examined the body, which was that of a man of forty years of age. He was dead from three to five days, and came to his death by drowning, there being no marks of violence or indications of disease about the body. The little finger of the right hand had been amputated at some time, but not recently.

Moses, a Cowichan Indian, an employee on the Ithet, testified that between six and seven o'clock he saw the body laying in the water with his face downward, and close to the Hudson Bay wharf; he called some white men to come and see it and then took it ashore.

Officer Grant deposed that he was called down about 7 o'clock to the ship at the foot of Yates street; found body of deceased there in charge of two men from the Rithet; helped the men to remove it from the water, and then conveyed it to the gaol yard; searched the body and found two Bank of British Columbia five-dollar bills, a twenty-five cent piece and a five-cent piece in the pants pocket; found no letters or papers that would identify the body; do not know the name of deceased; imagine that I have seen the man before, but am not certain; a number of persons have examined the body this morning, but none has yet identified it; the only mark was a slight scratch about the eye, from which some blood came; which was probably caused by rubbing against the bottom.

This was all the evidence submitted. The jury, after retiring for a few minutes, returned a verdict to the effect that "deceased came to his death about three days ago by drowning, but there is no evidence to show what was the cause that led to the drowning." The remains were immediately taken in charge by Mr. Storey and interred. The supposition is that the unfortunate man was connected with some of the steamers that frequent our harbor, as his face seems to be familiar to many, and that in attempting to board his vessel, he fell into the water.

**The Yellowstone National Park.**

The delightful excursions to the Yellowstone National Park on the Northern Pacific railroad are meeting with splendid success, and applications are numerous. We would advise all contemplating a trip to the great wonderland of the world, not to delay in completing their arrangements. Nowhere else on the face of the earth can there be found such a multitude and variety of natural wonders, and especially such abundant evidences of intensely heated subterranean waters. The eye of the tourist is arrested, delighted and startled in turn by grand mountains flecked with perpetual snow and radiant with strange varieties of color; lovely lakes, roaring torrents, the greenest of green and bluest of blue; above all, genuine geysers of every size, form and period of eruption, including much the largest known in any land, making the Yellowstone National Park really the wonderland of the world. A book of coupon tickets will be furnished tourists for a very moderate sum. These tickets include transportation from this city to the park, hotel accommodation for a week while there and stage charges to visit all parts of the great wonderland. Full particulars can be obtained from Mr. Robert Irving, at the office of the O. R. & N. Co., Wharf street.

**Bush Fires.**

Mr. J. B. Gillespie of Granville, was amongst the Yosemite's passengers from the mainland to-day. He reports that fires are still raging on the Inlet and that the destruction to the green timber in consequence will be very great. Rain is badly wanted to retard the progress of the devouring element.


Families requiring sugar for preserving fruits, &c., can obtain it at wholesale prices at Fred'k & Co's, Fort street.

# The Daily Times.

CHANGE OF TIME AND ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

Victoria, Saturday, July 11, 1885.

THE DAILY TIMES.

—Published daily and weekly by the—
VICTORIA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY Ld.

OFFICE—Yates Street, next to Frank Campbell's Corner.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY TIMES, by mail to any part of Canada or the United States:
One year for.....$6.00
Six months.....3.00
Three months.....1.50
Delivered in all parts of the city by carrier, at 25 cents per week.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

is published every Friday morning, is an excellent readable family journal, sent to all parts of Canada and the United States free of postage.

THE WEEKLY TIMES, per year.....$2.00
" six months.....1.00

TERMS—Strictly in advance.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line, solid nonpareil: First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line for each insertion. No advertisement in this classification inserted for less than $1.

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING, so distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business—published at the following rate per line space of solid nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisement:—

More than two days and not more than one week, 20 cents.
More than one week and not more than one fortnight, 30 cents.
More than one fortnight and not more than one month, 40 cents.
No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $1, and accepted only for every day insertion.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS, Classified, 10 cents per word per month. No card inserted for less than $1.00.

Notices inserted amongst regular reading matter 5 cents per line for each and every insertion.

Where cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—and mounted on wood.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of ordered period will be charged the same as if continued for full time.

Special Rates for WEEKLY TIMES.

TO ADVERTISERS.—Changes for advertisements for the Daily edition must be handed in to this office not later than 10 P.M. on the morning of publication; otherwise insertion cannot be guaranteed.

Address, THE TIMES P. & P. CO.,
Victoria, B. C.

J. C. McLAGAN, Manager.


LORD RANDOLPH CHURCHILL'S majority over MR. CORBIE in Woodstock, Eng., was 127.

At the White House the visiting cards are saved and sold for waste paper. In the month of May there were 6000 cards.

THE SCOTT ACT returns for the county of Hastings, Ontario, are still incomplete, but as far as heard the result leaves no doubt of the defeat of the act. Majorities for, 392; against, 730; total majority against the act, 338.

A MOVEMENT is on foot for the co-operation of a number of publishing firms in New York, Boston and elsewhere, under the name of the ALDINE publishing company, to publish books in such styles and at such prices as successfully to compete with and drive out of the market the books of the so-called American "pirate" publishers.

THE MARQUIS OF SALISBURY made a semi-official speech at a banquet given to BARON MACDONALD, the newly appointed Lord Advoc te for Scotland. In his speech the Marquis said he favored decentralization and local self-government for Scotland, and, referring to the proposal for the disestablishment of the Scottish Church, said he hoped that event would be far in the distant future.

CANADA, says the Toronto *Mail*, had great difficulties about getting the control of her own markets in 1878, and has found it necessary to watch them ever since; she will be careful how she parts with that control. Canada has got back her fishing grounds after ten years of co-occupation with Americans; she will be careful how she parts with them again.

THE Franchise Bill has at last received its final reading. Repeated motions made to amend its profisions were defeated by large majorities. MR. JENKINS, M. P., of Prince Edward Island, moved to amend the act providing that in British Columbia and Prince Edward Island those who are now voters shall continue to exercise the franchise. The government accepted of this amendment and the bill passed by a vote of 87 to 37.

THE Lord Mayor of London gave a luncheon on Dominion day in honor of REV. MR. CHASE, Chief of the Ojibways. SIR CHARLES TUPPER, the Canadian High Commissioner, and SIR LEONARD TILLEY, the Canadian Minister of Finance, were present. SIR CHARLES TUPPER, in the course of his speech, said he hoped that Canada in extending the franchise to the Indians, would strengthen their loyalty, already deeply rooted, although a few recently had been incited to rebel.

THE Montreal *Herald* states that HON. MR. CHAPLEAU held the floor of the House three hours while proposing the Chinese restrictive resolutions. It adds that MR. CHAPLEAU'S address was eloquent in favor of the Chinese while the measure in his hands was one to restrict their landing in the Dominion and applying to them severe regulations which are applied to no other class of immigrants. The speech of the Secretary of State was an incentive to British Columbia members to speak, and on the subject they spoke intelligently and forcibly. The Liberals assented to the measure by their silence.

ACCORDING to the Winnipeg *Free Press*, the Indians of the Northwest may have been, and doubtless were, misled by RIEL and his emissaries, but at the same time we must remember that had the seeds of mistrust and discontent not been sown by those with whom, on behalf of the government, they had dealings, the Indians would have been less inclined to listen to suggestions of revolt and disloyalty. When well and honorably treated, and only then, is the Indian reliable. Can we suppose that such treatment was meted out to him by a man like MR. DEWDNEY? Yet Canada pays out enough on account of her Indians to have them well treated.

## FUTURE RAILWAY PROBABILITIES.

The announcement is now made that hostilities between the Grand Trunk and Canadian Pacific Railway has ceased, and that the war rates which had prevailed between the two companies since the beginning of the present year are abandoned, a high tariff restored, special contracts cancelled, and that harmony will be the rule hereafter. These two companies virtually control the traffic of Canada and are likewise keen competitors with many of the American lines for east-bound freight from Chicago, Kansas City, St. Louis, as well as other shipping points in that section of the United States. For some time it has been feared that an arrangement, such as is now consummated, would take place, ultimately resulting in an amalgamation of these two powerful organizations. The Grand Trunk is controlled by British capitalists, and its policy consequently dictated entirely in the interest of its shareholders. It is likewise a heavy creditor of Canada, the indebtedness being over $30,000,000 for principal and interest. The asset is a doubtful one for the Dominion, for not a cent has been repaid of the monies advanced over a quarter of a century ago. The Canadian Pacific is practically owned by the Dominion, for the government has invested in the enterprise in the neighborhood of $60,000,000 of money, besides land calculated to be worth over a quarter of a million. Besides the government being interested as the heaviest creditor in the Canadian Pacific Railway, there are others, Canadians, Americans and foreigners, as shareholders. It was impossible for the great rivalry to last much longer. Money was being squandered to form alliances with other roads, securing friends and purchasing influence. From America the contest was carried to the European monetary centres, where the Grand Trunk was all powerful in financial circles, succeeding in completely barring the possibility of the Canadian Pacific company in being able to procure financial aid, or the sale of its bonds. The visit of the president of the Grand Trunk and other officials to Canada, and their trip over the C. P. R. to the eastern confines of this province led people to believe that there was something going on within the official circles which would yet surprise the public. The secret is out. SIR HENRY TYLER invested heavily in C. P. R. stock. He resolved on inspecting the line and began his tour at Ottawa. From Chicago to St. Vincent he had to travel over alien roads. At Emerson he embarked again on the C. P. R. and from that point to Donald station, in this province, he is reported to have had a "splendid run." The distance is over 1000 miles, and it was accomplished in less than thirty-six hours. At Banff SIR HENRY remained some hours, enjoying the hot sulphur springs, which promise to become rapidly famous. It is understood that SIR HENRY was astonished at what he saw, and expressed great satisfaction with the character of the road. He was delighted with the appearance of the country, and especially with the forward condition of the crops, which are much further towards maturity in the Northwest than in the eastern provinces. SIR HENRY was impressed with the illimitable possibilities of the country as a vast wheat field. The scenery of the Rocky Mountains was a never-ending source of delight to him. Following SIR HENRY closely we have general manager VAN HORNE, R. B. AXOUS and other officials of the C. P. R., all of whom were socially, officially and commercially at daggers points with the Grand Trunk people a few weeks previous.

When an amalgamation of the Grand Trunk and Great Western of Canada was first mooted the idea was scouted. But it did take place. Hamilton, at one time the head quarters of the favorite Great Western is now only a divisional office of the G. W. R. division of the Grand Trunk. It is equally within the probabilities that during the next few years the Grand Trunk, which is never satisfied unless it is "gobbling up" some competitor, may find an outlet for its Pacific trade in this province and that its cars may be seen oven in this city. Everything now points to a resolve on the part of the respective managements to divide business in some places, pool traffic in others, apportion preserves, uphold traffic, take out of the people in the way of freights every cent they will stand, and that, succeeding in this, they are even sanguine enough to hope for ultimate amalgamation. It remains, however, to be seen what action the government will take in the matter.

RIEL spends the greater part of his time in devotion. He is reported to have made the singular request that he be fed on blood. Some startling revelations concerning the action of LIEUT.-GOV. DEWDNEY and other government officials are expected at the trial.

THE Kansas City *Journal* is bristling for hostilities with Canada. It says now that the fisheries treaty between Canada and the United States has expired, the Canadian fishermen are determined not to let American fishermen fish inshore, and bloodshed is feared. If that kind of a thing comes up, it may become incumbent upon the United States to take in all the coast along the northeast or Canadian fisheries, even if we have not ships enough to possess ourselves of the fishing banks. The United States has the men to walk all over the continent, even if it has not the ships to sail around, or coast along it. The Canadian fishermen had better look out, or they will not have the landing places, or ground on which to dry their fish, no matter how many they may net, or hook on the broad seas.


## Twin Foes to Life

Are Indigestion and Constipation. Their primary symptoms are among the most distressing of minor human ailments, and a host of diseases, speedily resultant from them, mutually aggravate each other and assail at once the whole machinery of life. Nausea, Foul Breath, Sour Stomach, Dizziness, Headaches, Bilious Fever, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases, Piles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Dropsy, and various Skin Disorders, are among the symptoms and maladies caused by derangement of the stomach and bowels.

### A Thorough Purgative

medicine is the first necessity for cure. Then the cathartic effect must be maintained, in a mild degree, just sufficient to prevent a recurrence of costiveness, and at the same time the liver, kidneys and stomach must be stimulated and strengthened.

## Ayer's Pills

Accomplish this restorative work better than any other medicine. They are searching and thorough, yet mild, in their purgative action. They do not gripe the patient, and do not induce a costive reaction, as is the effect of other cathartics. Withal, they possess special properties, diuretic, hepatic and tonic, of the highest medicinal value and

## Absolutely Cure

All diseases proceeding from disorder of the digestive and assimilatory organs. The prompt use of AYER'S PILLS to correct the first indications of costiveness, averts the serious illnesses which neglect of that condition would inevitably induce. All irregularities in the action of the bowels—looseness as well as constipation—are beneficially controlled by AYER'S PILLS, and for the stimulation of digestive organs weakened by long-continued dyspepsia, one or two of AYER'S PILLS daily, after dinner, will do more good than anything else.

### Leading Physicians Concede

That AYER'S PILLS are the best of all cathartic medicines, and many practitioners, of the highest standing, customarily prescribe them.

**AYER'S PILLS,**
PREPARED BY
*Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.*
[Analytical Chemists.]
For sale by all Druggists.

Awarded First Premium at Oregon State Fair 1880, 1881, 1882.
Awarded First Premium at Portland Mechanics' Fair, 1880, 1881, 1882.

## Capitol Mills Flour

GRADUAL REDUCTION PROCESS,

Manufactured by the Salem (Oregon) Capitol Flour Mills Company, Limited.

ONCE TRIED ALWAYS USED.

Head Office—Edinburgh, Scotland.
Mills—Salem, Oregon.

PORTLAND AGENT:
GEORGE SHIELL,
8 Stark street

## Steamer for Sale.

THE SIDE-WHEEL STEAMER

## BEAVER,

108 tons burden; built of English Oak; strongly copper-fastened; fitted with a pair of side-lever engines, with two 30-inch cylinders and 5 foot stroke; jet condenser; engines made by Messrs. Bolton & Watt, of England; tubular boiler 10 feet long, 12 feet diameter.

The steamer is in good running order and Inspector's Certificate granted.

For further particulars apply to
H. SAUNDERS,
Johnson street.

jel8 1m

## FOR SALE,

## Steamboat Machinery

THE Machinery taken out of the steam tug "Pilot" will be sold

Cheap for Cash.

Particulars may be obtained on application to
CAPT. J. D. WARREN, or
HENRY SAUNDERS.

jel9

## WELLS' CHEESE.

(Extract from the Columbian.)

A VISIT to Mr. Wells' Cheese Factory strongly impressed me with the idea that the most fastidious could relish cheese of his production, made with such scrupulous cleanliness.

WM. BEGG, M. D.

HENDERSON BROS.,
Chilliwhack,
Sole Agents.
S. LEISER, Victoria,
Sole Agent for Vancouver Island.

je26

## FIRE INSURANCE.

## Ætna Insurance Co.

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

ESTABLISHED 1819.

Cash Assets.....$10,000,000
Losses paid in 66 years..$60,000,000

Risks accepted at current rates of premium and losses paid with promptitude and liberality.

FRANK BODWELL,
City Agent,
Government street
Next door to Telegraph Office.

June 1.

## LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents.

PURCHASE, SELL AND LEASE PROPERTY, collect rents, make loans on mortgage and transact all business relating to

REAL ESTATE.

Maps showing the various districts on the Island and Mainland, the situation of desirable City Lots, Homesteads, Gardening and Farm Lands, can be consulted at their office. fe12

## IMMIGRATION.

PARTIES WISHING TO BRING OUT their friends from Europe, Canada and the States, will save money by purchasing tickets from

## HALL & GOEPEL,

GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA.

Agents for Atlantic Steamship Lines and Grand Trunk Railway of Canada. fe6

Subscribe for the Weekly Times, the great family newspaper of the Pacific Northwest. Only $2 per annum

## LORN CREEK MINES

THE UNDERSIGNED BEGS LEAVE TO notify the General Public that he has on hand Full Supplies for Miners including

Groceries,
Boots and Shoes,
Dry Goods,
Picks, Shovels, Gold Pans.

And all other requisites for mining.

Every Accommodation will be Furnished to any Parties landing at this place. There is a Commodious Wharf and ample Storage room.

As this is the Headquarters for all Indians on the Coast, there are ample facilities for forwarding Passengers and Freight up the river.

ALL GOODS AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Will Forward Freight and Passengers at Reasonable Rates.

R. CUNNINGHAM,
Port Essington, Skeena River, B. C.
ap24

Buy It! Try It!!

RED CROWN
FLOUR
New Process.
Best for Family and Baker's
USE
HAVE NO OTHER.

For Sale by all Respectable Grocers
At Wholesale and Retail
Ask for it! Manufactured by
ISOM LANNING & CO.
Albany, Oregon.

AGENTS FOR
BENNETT'S
Point Reyes Butter.

McKENZIE & MESTON.

Carriage Makers
—AND BLACKSMITHS.—
GOVERNMENT STREET,
Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.
VICTORIA, B. C. (f)

ZED S. HALL,
Bookseller & Stationer
Columbia Street,
New Westminster.
Books, Periodicals,
—AND—
STANDARD WORKS ORDERED from England and the United States at short notice and at publishers' prices. se17tf

EGGS AND FOWL.

GEORGE A. PERRIN, winner of Prize and Cup, has been appointed agent for E. A. Turner, Seattle, W. T., importer and breeder of Partridge Cochins, Coulans, Buff Cochins, White Laced Black Spanish, Brown Leghorns, White Leghorns, Dark Brahmas, Light Brahmas, Langshans, Plymouth Rocks, Golden Polish, Silver Polish, Black Breasted Red Games, White Crested Black Polish, Wyandottes, B. R. R. R. G. Bantams, S. L. S. Bantams, G. L. S. Bantams, Rouen Ducks, Toulouse Geese, Bronze Turkeys.

Dogs—Scotch Collies, (Shepherds) and other dogs. Address
G. A. PERRIN,
P. O. Box 346, Victoria.
jan15

KURTZ & Co.,
Pioneer White Labor
Cigar and Cigarette
Manufacturers.
Established, 1879.
VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA
ESTABLISHED 1864.

A. & W. WILSON,
Plumbers, Gas Fitters,
BELL HANGERS AND TINSMITHS.
Dealers in Best Descriptions
Heating and Cooking Stoves.
Ranges, &c.
FORT STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.
TELEPHONE CALL, 120.

## CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO

LIMITED.

Taking effect from July 8th, Steamers will leave as follows:

FRASER RIVER ROUTE.

| FROM VICTORIA FOR | MONDAY. | TUESDAY. | WED'SDAY. | THURSDAY. | FRIDAY. | SATURD |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ladner's Landing, New Westminster and Pt Hammond. | 7 A M | ..... | 7 A M. | ..... | 7 A M. | ..... |
| Pioneer Pass..... | 7 A M | ..... | ..... | ..... | 7 A M. | ..... |
| Grace'le, Moody'le, Pt Moody | ..... | 12 M | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |

NOTICE—Steamer R. P. Rithet will leave VICTORIA FOR YALE on TUESDAY, July 14th at 1 p m, stopping at regular way landings. Special rates to tourists.

NOTE—Freight for Points in the Interior must be shipped via Port Hammond. Shippers are requested to mark weight on each package.

For Burrard Inlet Ports—Str. Western Slope, Capt. Meyer will leave C. P. N. Co.'s wharf, every Tuesday, at 5 o'clock a. m.

No freight will be received after 5 p. m.

JNO. IRVING, Manager.

Under Clothing in Every Style &c.
Latest Styles in Hats and Caps
Youth's
MEN'S
SUITS
SUITS
Children's
Ties
Scarfs
Collars
All Latest Patterns
Trunks
Valises at Reasonable Prices

B. WILLIAMS,
JOHNSON ST.,
Between
Broad and Douglas Sts.,
VICTORIA.

## NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

## FURNITURE!

Cornices, Window Shades, Crockery,
Carpets, Plated Ware, Cuttlery,
Wall Paper, - - Oil Cloth.

THE LARGEST STOCK AND BEST ASSORTMENT IN BRITISH COLUMBIA, AT LOWEST PRICES, AT

## JOHN WEILER'S,

FORT STREET, VICTORIA.

Send for Price List. P. O. Box, 218.

## New Goods! New Goods!

## NEW GOODS!

Having Just Received an

IMMENSE STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES

Which have been Bought in the Markets of the East at Unprecedentedly Low Figures, we are enabled to sell them CHEAP FOR CASH. Inspect Our Stock. No trouble to show Goods.

## Queen Boot & Shoe House

Government and Yates Street.

Garesche, Green & Co.,
BANKERS,
COVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN GOLD, SILVER and U. S. Currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits.

GOLD DUST & U. S. CURRENCY
PURCHASED AT HIGHEST MARKET RATES.

Sight Drafts & Telegraphic Transfers
San Francisco, New York & Canada.

Exchange on London.
Available in all parts of Europe, England Ireland and Scotland.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued on the Principal Cities of the United States, Canada and Europe.

Agents for Wells, Fargo & Co.

KING TYE CO.

Importers, Manufacturers, also Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Foreign and Domestic

GROCERIES,
Opium &c.
Also Manufacturers of all Kinds of
CLOTHING

Cormorant Street, above Store.
P. O. Box 323. VICTORIA

GEORGE VIENNA,
DEALER IN
GAME, FISH, FRUIT,
Vegetables, &c.

Victoria Market, Government Street
Two Doors North St. Nicholas Hotel
VICTORIA, B. C.

All kinds of Game, Fish, Fruit, etc., kept constantly on hand in season, and delivered free of charge. (1)

W. R CLARKE,
Auctioneer,
Appraiser and Commission Merchant.

SALESROOM:—FIRE PROOF BUILDING, YATES ST.
VICTORIA, B. C.

Liberal advances made on consignments.

To facilitate the sale of Real Estate, I have complete maps of Victoria, Esquimalt, New Westminster and the Districts.

N. B.—Parties desirous of selling their Stock, Stock in Trade, or Furniture, and not wishing the trouble of an Auction Sale, can find a Cash Buyer by calling on the above.

Office of Harbor Master and Port Warden.

W. D. McKILLICAN. H. J. ANDERSON

McKILLICAN & ANDERSON
CONTRACTORS
—AND—
BUILDERS.

Job Work Executed with Neatness and Dispatch.

All Work Guaranteed to give Satisfaction.

Stair Building a Specialty.

Langley Street, between Broughton & Courtney
VICTORIA, B. C.

L. H. WILTON,
Tent and Sail Maker,
AND DEALER IN JUNK.
BOATS BOUGHT AND SOLD.
Cor. Johnson and Wharf Streets.

HOWSE & RICKMAN,
LAND SURVEYORS.
Real Estate Brokers,
ACCOUNTANTS, Etc., Etc.

FRONT STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
Opposite C. P. N. Co's wharf
P. O. Box 61.

SAILING OF VESSELS—RAILROADS.

## THE OPPOSITION

STEAMER

## TEASER,

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The Daily Times.

Victoria, Saturday, July 11, 1885.

# A HAWTHORN BLOSSOM

[Lizette Woodworth Reese in Courier-Journal.]

I went up to my chamber the middle of this afternoon to look over my store of linen, and as I rummaged about in my chest of drawers, and had much trouble in setting them in order, I came upon an old shrivelled book lying by itself in a corner. I took it up and out dropped a withered hawthorn blossom. Then, lo, out of my life, there dropped as well a sweet, old story, and I did read it again.

From my chamber there I could see the long green meadows sloping down to the edge of the great bay; and the mowers working therein; and the sun shining yellow. A most sweet smell of hay was in the air; and a warm wind, with a breath of salt in its mouth, was stirring very pleasantly. But mine eyes saw beyond the waters of the great bay; and across the greater waters to the eastward; and pre ently they espied the roofs of my English Sudbury town, where the hawthorn bushes were blowing fair and white along the lanes, and the swallows whirring around the church towers.

I stood in the deep grass by the churchyard gate, and Roger Stoughton stood beside me, and pulled one of the fair blossoms to put into my hand. "Take it, Mistress Persis," he said softly, "and keep it for me."

Now, I loved Roger Stoughton, and he loved me as well. Oft, of Sunday mornings in church, when my thoughts should have been on my prayer-book, or also with his father, our vicar, when he stood up in his carved ulpit to speak to us of heaven, did they wander to the pew where Roger sat under the light of the great window, as though there were my sweetest heaven. Of week-days, there was not an hour that I thought not upon him.

I mind right well the first time that I saw him. One summer day—ah, sweet Lord, how long ago it doth seem!—my little merry kitten led me a hot chase over the green fields and through the tall hedge that encircled the vicarage garden. I had never been there before, and though half afraid of being found in a forbidden place, yet it was so rare round about that I must needs feast mine eyes with the delight of it. Truly, it was like the world in some book that my cousin Priscilla read to us in the dusk of the afternoons; a book that set forth the gladsomeness of heaven; the running waters; the trees a-blossom; the yellow sunshine falling. There were roses right and left; and roses overhead; and low at my feet some most white and delicate ones. Child as I was, these last did make me think of my dear Puritan Priscilla. This was how she looked with her calm face, and her pale hair shining.

Presently, however, I heard my kitten crying, and went seeking it.

"There is thy beast!" cried a sharp little voice; and thrown by an unseen hand, my poor animal fell scratching and mewing into my face.

"Never mind her," said another voice; "she likes nought but teasing. How came ye here?"

I looked around in sore bewilderment, hearing speech, but seeing no one; but directly a hidden gate in front of me opened, and two children sprang through and faced me laughing.

"How did ye get here?" asked the boy again.

But I made no answer. For one thing, I was much abashed; and for another, I had a stout temper, and liked not the way in which my pretty animal had been treated.

"I will take thy small beast away until ye answer," said the sharp-voiced little maiden.

"And if ye do, Josephine, I will tell my mother," spoke the boy; whereupon a pale lady, who was walking without under the poplar trees, hearing her name spoken, looked over the hedge and began questioning us. When she had found out all, she scolded me somewhat for climbing through her tidy hedge, but when she knew I was Persis Carew, whose father tilled the dozen fields back of the vicarage gardens, and remembered my mother had brewed her most excellent cordial for a bad cough that had plagued her the last winter, she was more gracious to me.

"And where did ye get black eyes?" she asked me.

"From my father, madam." Then they all laughed at me.

"Thou shalt have a rose for thy pretty speech," said the vicar's lady.

"O, yes, a white one, madam, for my cousin Priscilla!"

"And none then for thy mother?"

"She cleans house," I made answer, "and cares nothing for roses;" and at this they laughed again.

But when she had given me the rose, and many another beside, till my hands were full to overflowing, I ran as fast home as my stout little legs could carry me.

"I have seen thy 'Saints' Rest,'" I told Priscilla, and gave her all of them.

It was not long after this that our vicar's lady died, by reason of the bad cough which neither my mother's cordial nor that of the London doctor could remedy. There, one Sunday morning, as I came to church between my parents, I saw solemn-looking little Roger standing all alone by the dark church door, and I felt such sorrow for him that I broke away from my mother's hand and crept up to speak to him.

"Thy mother is in heaven, for there do all the good people go."

"I would rather she were here with me," said little Roger; and if he had been a girl he would have wept, but being a boy, only his lip quivered.

From this we were fast friends. Never a day passed that his bright face and dirty books were not found in our spotless kitchen. A sore trial were these dirty books to my mother, for she liked not the Sudbury earth on her clean floors; but after she had instructed one of the maids to follow him around and wipe up the tracks he made, she took kindlier to them. My father, as it had not pleased God to give him a son, made much of Roger. He had the christening of all the baby animals in our barnyard; while at harvest time his yellow head was as familiar a sight in our fields as the huge brown tankard of beer that my mother sent out to the reapers. And where one of us went, there trotted the other after. I remember once that we kissed each other in the shallow of the tall bushes by the merry meadow-brook; and another time, when I raised a great commotion in the house by reason of not being allowed to go out through a pouring rain and paddle in our duck pond, did he coax our maids to fill the washing coppers with water, so that in somewise I could have my heart's desire.

Sometimes his dainty cousin, Josephine, came with him. She would never come any farther than the trees at the foot of our garden, for fear of the watch-dog that lay in the door-way; then would my mother go out and coax her. Now we were not of the same blood, and were ever quarrelling. One time she spoke, with a turn of her nose, of my kinsmaid, Priscilla:

"She is a hypocrite, as all the Puritans be."

Then I said not a word, but boxed her ears most soundly.

When my mother heard of it she carried me away to my father, in the hope that he would straightway send me to beg Mistress Josephine's pardon. But my father grew red in the face and chuckled softly, and presently went off into a mighty roar of laughter, so that Priscilla, and the maids crept to the doors to see what could be the matter.

"Yet should our Persis be respectful to her betters," said my mother.

"The Carews be older than the Stoughtons," was the speech my father loved the best. "It is we who be betters."

So my mother—"Then should we take the lead in manners!"

"Aye," answered my father, "but she is a scar little dame and did well deserve it," and I think, to this day, that he was right.

What followed after? The days went on in their old swift way, as they will to the end of the world; the hawthorn blossomed some seven or eight times, and most rare and white did they show by the churchyard gate, where, in the deep grass, Roger Stoughton and I stood together. It was not the words he said to me that made me so marvelously happy, but the tender softness in his voice, and the look in his clear beautiful eyes. Then, also, as he held my hand lingeringly, as though loath to let it go, "Keep the blossom for me, Mistress Persis." So we parted.

As I went along through Sudbury town, my heart beat with an awful happiness. Was it for this, my spray of whiteness, that thou hadst come into the world? I could have gone down on my knees and kissed the roots of the bush that bore it. As it was, I held it close to my lips, and afterward slipped it into the bosom of my gown, so that it would be near my heart's beating. I was out after some small wares for my mother, and because she was over particular and the shops rather ill stocked, it took me some time to get suited. The dusk began to settle in the narrow street, and the roofs grew very golden. Coming back by the old way, the wind being up and stirring the hawthorn bushes a little, made them look in the dazzling light like fair, white ghosts come out to haunt me.

It was sweet God's weather.

At the turn of the lane that led into our meadows, I met Mistress Josephine Stoughton.

She stood still before me.

"Hast thou set thy heart upon Roger Stoughton? It were better for thee to study thy Tenth Commandment."

I said not a word, but stood like a stone. When I looked I could not see her. Then I ran in the dusk to the foot of the lane, and espied the flutter of her gown behind the bushes. Breathless, I overtook her.

"That was a rude speech of thine, Mistress Josephine. I would like thee to explain it!" I had my father's eyes, and they were brave ones; I mind that she quailed a little.

"It is no right of thine to ask me questions."

So I blazed: "Nor is it thine to make such speeches, Mistress Josephine. I know well that I do not covet."

With all my quick wit and temper, I was at times of dull comprehension. What my lady meant by her uncivil sayings was more than I could make out in my mind. Curiously, too, as I walked homeward, and the fire in me burned down somewhat, I began wondering at the strange prettiness of her face, that had struck me suddenly. More than ought else did it make me think of a briar rose, which is a delicate flower, yet a soft whiteness, as though the wind loved it. Her hair and her eyes were brown, her skin of the same color. She came by them as she had come by her name—from her French mother. I doubt not it was this mother also who had left her the gift of dressing cleverly, and tastes for scarlet and yellow ribbons, and, moreover, a high but dainty way of carrying her head. Ever and anon, too, striking into my thoughts, would come those words she had said, and they smote me like a cold hand in the dark. Yet, by the time I reached our own yard gate, and saw the gables of our house deep black against the tawny west, was my happiness come to me again. I lingered a little without doors to take a last look about me; for dearly did I love the sights and sounds of nature; and the small, sweet noises in the grass, and the solemn yellow of the sky, and the smell of the upturned earth in my father's fields were precious to me. Priscilla sat within, her knitting in her lap, but her hands idle, singing one of the beloved hymns of good Richard Baxter. Priscilla's voice was sweet and low, and she sang very tenderly. Though it be long, long ago, yet do I well remember some of the words she was singing:

"Christ leads me through no darker rooms
Than He went through before;
And he that in God's kingdom comes,
Must enter by this door."

The rest I have forgotten.

About this time my mother fell sick, and Priscilla and I were kept sorely busy. Moreover, some of her kinsfolk, hearing of her illness, came visiting us; and what, with the nursing, the baking and staying indoors for conversation, we had scarce breathing space. Then it happened that it was many days ere I again saw Roger Stoughton. Then I knew he was changed, and it grieved me. He spoke but little to me, and very coldly; once as I went by he half turned away and spoke not all. At church, when I looked across to where he sat under the great window, I felt that mine eyes were sorrowful. So I began to consider whether it would not be better for him and me to be no longer lovers, and better for him to woo some lady, and just here upcame his cousin Josephine to my mind, and I rebelled against her—some young dame who was used to trailing about in silken gowns, with hands hanging idle beside her. I thought of this till I could think no more; then I went seeking for my hawthorn blossom, and kissed it once, and again and again, and put my cheek down upon it, as though it were the face of a little child.

My mother's kinfolk departed, and June and the lilies came instead. The grass out in the lanes grew so tall that when folk went through it they were hidden to their knees. And with the tall grass and the lilies came a rumor to Sudbury town—the news of Roger Stoughton's marriage.

"To that slender, half-English cousin of his," said my mother, who was the first to hear of it. "I wish good luck to that fine lad, Roger Stoughton."

But my father, making a great noise with his boots in the corner, and methought watching me through the noise, answered her:

"There be as fine lads as Roger Stoughton, and as faithful."

Now I knew not, nor will I ever know, whether my father had knowledge of my love for Roger Stoughton or not; however, at times after, was he very tender to me.

We all went to the wedding. Though my heart broke, should Sudbury know it? There were already some thistledowns of gossip floating with my fair name about the air. Though the winds had roared like wild beasts of Bashan, and the floods poured their great waters, yet I would not have kept away from Sudbury steeples.

My gown was gay with broideries brought down from London; I wore an ancient pearl necklace about my throat. Did I laugh? My jests were remembered for many days afterward. Did I talk? Yes, or else I should have turned mad. In truth, all women be liars. But in the nighttime, when no sound was in the house, and the one star I had loved since a little child flamed like a tall, yellow candle out of the black poplar tops, I made fast the door of my chamber and hid my face in my hands. Then my lying came to an end, then my strength failed me. He was not mine, but hers; what right had I to think longer of him? If he had loved her more than me, was it not a man's part toward her? What had I to tell that he loved me? Not a single word; only looks and tones, and the feeling of my poor, foolish heart. Then questions I asked myself, and after a while my stout will and my pride came back to me, and there in the dark I fought my battle. I was not a religious maiden like my cousin Priscilla, and trouble was new to me and hard to understand. I had only those two to help me. Once, across the dark and the silence, I heard the nightingale singing. There were many of them abroad by night in Sudbury woods, and I thought in my misery that they mocked at me. I stuffed fierce fingers into my ears, yet heard them still singing; or, as in the old days of childhood, I broke into a great fit of weeping. When I had wept till I was weak, and I felt I should never weep more, the nightingales were silent, and in the dim light the roses were crowing.

It was some two or three years after that a low fever broke out in Sudbury town.

"God's will," the people said; but my father asked them if it were God who had made their drinking water foul, or kept their lands from draining. So they called him blasphemous.

Then there came word that Roger Stoughton was stricken down with the fever, and moreover that the maids had all fled in the fright from the vicarage.

The vicar and Mistress Josephine with the little son were gone on a journey to the south, by reason of the old man being sick and feeble. None was there to care for him but an ancient nurse, who could scarce to see across a floor.

A sharp sword ran through my heart at this news. I made a resolve to go to him. I said not a word to my mother, but went and sought Priscilla. She was out in our garden, among the fair and white lilies, and there I told her.

"God bless thee," said Priscilla.

I turned when I reached the gate and looked backed at the old house, and the dark trees, and the fields where my father was reaping grain. It came to me that I might never see them more. And Priscilla stood like a lily among the lilies, the wind blowing her pale hair about her slender white throat. Then went I back and kissed her.

What followed after did always seem as though it had not befallen me, Persis Carew, but some other more gracious body; when I think of it, it doth seem like some sad and beautiful dream.

I hurried along through the tall grass, that reached to my knees, and up a little slope by a disused path to the vicar's rose garden. Never had I been there since the pale lady filled my hands with roses, yet well remembered I each step of the way. All the doors of the great house were open. Not a footstep but mine own could be heard, and it made such a ghostly noise on the stone stairs and adown the empty halls that I felt all alone in a wide, hollow world.

Presently I came to a door that stood half open; I entered, and found him whom I sought. He looked up at me and spoke as though we were both little children once more, and had never known our older cares and troubles.

"Thou hast been a long time away, Persis," and stretched out his hand to me. After ward his wits wandered; he was back in his tree-climbing days, and he looked from out the top of the poplars and espied me below in my father's meadows; or he searched for me up and down, and there I was on the hay-rick, shouting. Always was it I with him, and never Josephine.

In the mid of the afternoon he fell asleep.

Stone-still I sat and watched him. There were many bees in the sunshine, and oft flew, making sweet music through the darkened window. When they ceased coming, I knew that a soft dusk was stealing over the Sudbury meadows, and the tops of the trees were turning yellow.

"Persis," he called me.

I knelt down by his side, and pillowed his head upon my heart. He kept smiling up at me, and his eyes were very clear and beautiful. Then knew I, too, that death stood in the doorway. A great, solemn happiness came over me; my love was nearer to me than he had ever been before. Still smiling faintly, with his head on my heart, his life went out with the sun setting. Thus they found us together, and thought I, too, was dead.

It was in mine own chamber, however, with my mother weeping over me, that I waked to my senses.

Fair Lord, what changes there were in our house! The fever had come and smitten down our Lily; Priscilla was gone away; I would never see her more. Though they told me of this while I was yet too weak to do more than walk softly from one place to another; and though I had many days to use myself to the knowledge, yet would it not stay with me. Ever as I went up and down the Sudbury lanes, did I hear her following after; but when I turned and looked, lo, only the empty grass behind me! Also, at dusk, the air seemed full of a dim music, and when I listened, though I could hear but the old hymns she loved so well, and her tender voice singing. It was more than I could bear. The quiet time of the year was upon us, when the weather has a touch of frost in it, and the leaves lie like scarlet coals in the windy meadows.

The Carews were not still folk, and grief went hard with us. The quiet weather but added to our troubles. So it happed that, beating my wits out for some thought to give me comfort, there entered my mind suddenly one so good that I straightway set forth to tell my father.

"Father, let us pack up our goods and get away, with them to the New World. It is weary living in Sudbury."

"Aye, Persis, that be true, and the harvests have failed sadly," said my father, and nothing more, though he thought upon it deeply.

We made a great supper and lade our kinfolk to it. When we had all drunk and eaten, my father unrolled a great chart and went with his finger over the different places marked thereon.

It was very solemn to us all. I doubt not we felt as did the Jewish folk when making ready to settle in the land of Canaan. We talked of Boston Colony, where some of our Puritan neighbors had already journey'd.

"I like not the Puritans," said my father; "they be not all Priscillas."

Still following his finger, we went down, down, till it stopped at the colony of Maryland, near the other one of Virginia which last was called for our ancient Queen Elizabeth.

"Well!" said my father, as though he asked us questions; and my mother's brothers, who were all young men and pledged to go, answered: "There will we abide."

Weary months was it before we departed. Once more the lilies stood up in our fair green garden, and my heart broke, because that each time I looked I saw my Priscilla standing amongst them. The tears all came into mine eyes; but only when it happened, my father's voice reached me from the doorway: "To-morrow, will we start, Persis?"

Last of all I went to my two graves in Sudbury church-yard. I knelt down to the deep grass and said: "Farewell, Roger, farewell Priscilla." The bees were humming all about me and the crickets making their sad old music. Yet is love's voice louder than bees or crickets, and to say that and to feel as though they had some way answered was of much comfort to me.

At the gate I stopped and looked around me. Close beside rose my dear hawthorn bush; I put out my hand and touched it very softly. Sweet Sudbury! There did I stand and bid thee farewell, and know that I would never see thee more! So blind was I with tears that the roofs and the swallows flying above them seemed dim and blurred, and the grasses at my feet were like a green mist that stretched up to the boughs of the trees, and on up to the blue sky, where the clouds were sailing, and blotted out the fair world to me. Afterward, in Sudbury lane, I heard a nightingale singing, and in truth's my heart the more. Many weeks did it take our good ship to carry us across the great waters. So long it took, indeed, that it seemed like years instead of weeks, when at last, in the mid of a clear afternoon, we found ourselves at the mouth of a mighty bay, that stretched to the north and westward. Sailing onward with us all on deck, gazing upon the shores of the new country, we came to a cleared point of land jutting out into the water. Here was but a rough pair of logs, and here stood a score of people to welcome us. This was our colony of Maryland.

I must say that at first, what with the new folk, and the strange climate, and the dreary days of winter coming on, we were very heartsick. But when the winter was over, and we were more acquainted with our neighbors and found them very kind to us; and when my father and I, coming through the woods, pulled from under the dead leaves some violets as purple as our English ones, but not sweet smelling, we grew to have a liking for our lot.

As for the weather, that came in the old of the year; how could we ever forget it? The trees were scarlet and crimson and yellow. The little bushes down by the water's edge were as red as blood. I mind that as I passed them by in the sun's setting they looked so much as though they were a-fire that I stood still with a childish thought that if I listened I might hear the angels behind them, talking together. Moreover, was the sky hazy, and the same haze, like a fairy smoke, hung over all the land and the sea as well. Now we be used to it, and call it our Indian summer.

Some ten years after, my mother went to her grave. Then my father failed somewhat and the charge of affairs fell largely on me. It was in the busy time of harvest that one of our workmen came calling me: "Mistress Carew, there is a stranger and come calling for thee."

Down the little grassy slopes I went, with the fair wheat rustling all about me, and when I had come out of the wheat field I looked and saw a ship in the harbor. Then I knew it was that one we had long expected, but given up for lost.

In my path stood a young stranger. His eyes were like Roger Stoughton's, very clear and beautiful.

"Thou art Roger Stoughton's son," I said straightway.

"Yes, mistress, and I have come here to seek my fortune. And my mother, ere she died, gave me a package for thee, wherein is a letter and some news from Sudbury."

At night I read my letter.

"MISTRESS PERSIS CAREW—I pray thee be good to my son for his father's sake. I pray thee pay heed to the words that follow. They be those of a dying woman. Dost thou remember one sunset, many years ago, when I met thee in Sudbury lane? I said: 'Has thou set thy heart upon Roger Stoughton? It were better for thee to study thy Tenth Commandment.' This speech I made hath been ringing this long while in mine ears. Mayhap thou hast forgotten it.) Now, I loved my cousin; and I knew right well that he loved not me, but thee, and so was jealous of ye both. Thou didst make a hot answer, and straightway I twisted it into something malicious and carried it to him. Thus it happened that he turned against thee and married me instead. Yet, Mistress Carew, did God give me my punishment. In his heart my husband loved thee to the end; it was meet that that thou wert with him when he died. Forgive me. Remember when thou readest this, she is dead.

JOSEPHINE STOUGHTON.

There were already gray hairs on my head; the middle-aged are slow to weep, so I sat still in my chamber and thought it over a little. Then I rose up and said with a clear voice, "I forgive thee Josephine Stoughton." I know not whether she heard me, but am sure a most loving God did, and mayhap He had a way of telling her.

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A thorough trial will give positive proof of this.

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All the best physicians agreed that nothing could cure me. I resolved to try Hop Bitters; I have used seven bottles; the hardness has all gone from my liver, the swelling from my limbs, and it has *worked a miracle* in my case; otherwise I would have been now in my grave.

J. W. MOREY,

Buffalo, Oct. 1, 1881.

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I was dragged down with debt, poverty and suffering for years, caused by a sick family and large bills for doctoring.

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The Direct Route from the West for all Points in New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Cape Breton and Newfoundland.

THROUGH EXPRESS PASSENGER TRAINS run Daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Leave Pointe Levis | 8.00 A.M |
| Arrive Riviere du Loup | 12.05 P.M |
| " Campbellton | 7.08 " |
| " Dalhousie Junction | 7.41 " |
| " Bathurst | 9.30 " |
| " Newcastle | 11.05 " |
| " Moncton | 1.40 A.M. |
| " St. John | 5.20 " |
| " Halifax | 9.25 " |

The Grand Trunk Trains leaving Montreal at 10.15 p. m., connect at Pointe Levis with these trains.

The Trains to Halifax and St. John run through to their destination on Sunday.

All Trains are run by Eastern Standard Time.

D. POTTINGER, Chief Superintendent.

No. 122.

## A BY-LAW

Respecting the Expenditure of the Municipal Revenue for the Year 1885.

Be it enacted by the Municipal Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Finance Committee of the said Council to arrange for and obtain a credit by way of overdraft upon current account with the Bank of British North America to an amount not exceeding in the whole the sum of $25,000, including the now existing overdraft.

2. All moneys so overdrawn shall be used for the ordinary current expenditure of the said Corporation, and shall be repaid to the said Bank on or before the 31st day of December, 1885, out of the Municipal Revenue of the said Corporation for the current year.

3. This By-Law may be cited as the "Bank Credit By-Law, 1885."

Passed the Municipal Council the 17th day of June, A. D. 1885.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council the 24th day of June, A. D. 1885.

R. P. RITHET,
Mayor.

L. S. JAMES D. ROBINSON,
C. M. C.
jn26

## Municipal Notice.

### REMOVAL OF THISTLES.

OWNERS and Agents of property within the city limits are hereby notified to remove thistles which may be growing upon their lots, otherwise the provisions of the Thistle By-Law will be enforced.

By order of the Mayor and Council.

JAMES D. ROBINSON
C. M. C.

City Hall, June 25, 1885. jn25 tf

## Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 320 acres of land, situate at Seymour Narrows, Sayward District, and described as follows: Commencing at the N W corner of Geo. Rudge's claim; thence N 80 chains; thence E 40 chains; thence S 40 chains to N W corner of John Work's claim; thence E along W boundary of Work's claim to N E corner of Rudge's claim 40 chains; thence W along N boundary of Rudge's claim 60 chains to point of commencement.

A. MacPHERSON.

Victoria, 4th May, 1885. my4

## Notice

IS HEREBY given that I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 480 acres of land more or less, situate at Howe Sound, New Westminster District, and described as follows:—Commencing at a squared tree on the banks of the Sthinax stream, 50 chains S of the N W corner of the Hastings Sawmill Co's claim No. 2; thence W 40 chains; thence N 80 chains; thence E 80 chains more or less to W boundary of Hastings Sawmill Co's claim; thence southerly along W boundaries of said company's claims to point of commencement.

J. CASEY.

Victoria, 4th May, 1885. my6-tu-fr7

## Notice

IS HEREBY given that I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 320 acres of land, more or less, situate at Howe Sound, New Westminster District, and described as follows:—Commencing at a point on the W boundary of the Hastings Sawmill Co's claim No. 2, marked by a squared post; thence N along W boundary of said claim No. 2 40 chains; thence true W 40 chains; thence true S 80 chains; thence true E 40 chains; thence true N 80 chains to point of commencement.

W. G. STEVENSON.

Victoria, B. C., 4th May, 1885. my6-tu-fr7

## Notice

IS HEREBY given that I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and works for permission to purchase 320 acres of land, more or less situate at Howe Sound New Westminster District, and described as follows:—Commencing at a point 10 chains true south of the SW corner of the Hastings Saw Mill Co.'s claim No. 2, thence true W 40 chains; thence true N 80 chains; thence true E 45 chains more or less to West boundary of W. G. Stephenson's claim; thence true S 20 chains; thence true S 12 chains; thence Mag. S along W boundary of said claim No. 2, 35 chains to the SW corner; thence true S 10 chains to point of commencement.

A. P. BRIGGS.

Victoria, B. C., 4th May, 1885. my6-tu-fr7

## Notice.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land, situated at Jackson Bay, Toquenter, and described as follows: Commencing at a stake about 10 chains south of the north-east corner of bay; thence running 4 west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains to point of commencement.

M. C. IRELAND.

Victoria, 8th May, 1885. my16-tu-fr14

## NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, at Victoria, for permission to purchase 160 acres of land, situate at Seymour Narrows, Sayward District, and described as follows: Commencing at a post marked "Wm. Lewis' northeast corner;" thence south 80 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence east 20 chains to the point of commencement.

WM. LEWIS.

Victoria, 8th May, 1885. my16-tu-fr14

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS

NEW

COLONIAL HOTEL!

Columbia St., New Westminster, B. C.

This new and elegant hotel is NOW OPEN and ready for the reception of guests.

The building and furniture are entirely new throughout, and it is the

BEST FURNISHED HOTEL IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

The Building is Fire-Proof throughout, is most complete in all its appointments, and strictly First-Class.

Rooms may be secured by Telegraph.

J. E. INSLEY, Proprietor.
CHAS. WILSON, Manager.
dec8-tf

GERMANIA SALOON,

N. W. corner Government and Johnson Sts.

IRISH, SCOTCH, AMERICAN WHISKIES.

Choicest Brands of Brandies, Etc.

Cool Lager Beer at

5 Cents Per Glass!

White Labor Cigars Only Sold Here.

my16 H. FERDINAND SIEWERD.

COLUMBIA HOTEL,

Farwell City, B. C.,

Will be opened for visitors on June 16th.

Centrally located near the Railway and Steamboat landings.

The table will be supplied with the best the market affords.

The Bar supplied with

WINES AND LIQUORS

WHICH CANNOT BE EXCELLED.

McGILLIS & HILL,
Prop rietors.
jn8 D&W

C. P. R. SALOON,

Cor. Johnson and Douglas Sts.

Now Open, Day and Night.

FREE LUNCH!

BAR SUPPLIED WITH THE BEST BRANDS of Liquors and Cigars.

M. McLEAN,
Manager.
my21

BEACON HILL.

The Colonist Hotel!

(LATE PARK HOTEL.)

LOVELY SCENERY!
BEAUTIFUL SURROUNDINGS!

A pleasant and health ful summer resort, overlooking Juan de Fuca Straits, and only one mile from the Postoffice, Victoria.

Families can be provided with suites of rooms at moderate charges. A first-class Cook has been engaged. Telephone call 205.

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL,

Southeast Cor. Fort and Douglas Sts.
VICTORIA, B. C.

Board and Lodging, per week ..... $5.50 and $6.
Board, per week ..... $4.50
Beds, per night ..... 50c

The bar is supplied with the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

my23 JOHN BERRYMAN, Propr.

St. Nicholas Hotel,

Government St., Victoria, B. C.

FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATION.

Single Meals, 25cts. Beds 25cts to 50cts. Board per day $1.00. Board per week, $5.50 to $7.00. Table Board $4.50.

McCARTNEY & VERNER, - Props.
my22-1m

RAILROAD HOTEL,

JOHNSON STREET

Opposite Shotbolt's Drug Store, VICTORIA

Thoroughly Renovated & Re-furnished

Best Board and Cleanest Beds in the City.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS. Single Meals, 25 cents; Beds per night, 25 cents; Board and Lodging per week $5.50. Terms Cash.

JOHN BEGG, Proprietor.

California Hotel,

Cor. Washington and Adams sts.

Port Townsend, Washington Ter.

BOARD—Per Week, with Lodging, $5. Single Meals, 25 cents. Best of accommodations and everything in first class style. Billiard and Pool Table.

jn9 1y CAPT. C. GILBERT, Proprietor.

"THE GARRICK'S HEAD."

BUSH & McDERMOTT ..... Proprietors
BASTION ST., VICTORIA.

A pioneer house of the city. The bar is supplied with the Best Wines, Liquors and Cigars. HOT LUNCH FROM 1 TO 3 DAILY.

## Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land situate at Homfray Channel, New Westminster District, described as follows:

Commencing at P. Pafford's southeast corner; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains to the shore line of Homfray Channel; thence west along the shore line to the northeast corner of Pafford's claim; thence south 80 chains to the point of commencement.

jn23 law 2m GEORGE McALLISTER.

## Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 320 acres of land, more or less, situated near Blenkinsop Bay, Johnson's Straits, N. W. coast of British Columbia, commencing at a stake near the outlet of a lake situated about two miles N. E. of said bay and running west 80 chains; thence south 40 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence northwards 40 chains to point of commencement.

jn23 law 2m M. C. IRELAND.

## Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of land, situate at Homfray Channel, New Westminster District, described as follows:

Commencing at a stake marked Wm. Lewis' northwest corner; thence east 80 chains; thence south 20 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 20 chains to the shore line of Laura Cove; thence following the shore line to point of commencement.

WM. LEWIS.

jn23 law 2m

CLASSIFIED BUSINESS CARDS.

VETERINARY SURGEON.

VETERINARY SURGEON.

Dr. Blanchard, V. S.,

Associate of Ontario Agricultural College, Fellow of the Montreal Medical Association.

OFFICE with H. Percy Blanchard, Esq., Bastion street. may9 1m

FURNITURE, ETC.

A. E. SHORE,

NEW AND SECOND-HAND FURNITURE, Johnson street, between Government & Broad, Victoria, B. C.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

FARRIS & HARGREAVES,

CIVIL ENGINEERS, LAND SURVEYORS, AND ARCHITECTS.

S. E. cor. of Government & Fort Sts., up-stairs, VICTORIA, B. C.

Plans, specifications and estimates furnished for buildings.

ARCHITECTS.

JOHN TEAGUE,

ARCHITECT.

GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

BURRIS & DE LA PENOTIERE,

ARCHITECTS AND ENGINEERS.

Moody's buildings, cor. Broad and Yates Street VICTORIA, B. C.

S. C. BURRIS, Architect. W. DE LA PENOTIERE, Architect, C. E., D. L. S.

REAL ESTATE

JOHN J. AUSTIN,

NOTARY PUBLIC.

Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Colonist Building. P. O. Box 59.

MERCHANTS.

TURNER, BEETON & Co.

MERCHANTS.

H. C. BEETON & Co., 32 FISHMONGERS CIRCUS LONDON, E. C. Wharf Street, Victoria, B. C.

IRON WORKS.

ALBION IRON WORKS Co. (Limited.

HOME INDUSTRY.

Engines and Boilers of every description. Cooking and Heating Stoves, etc.

ANDREW GRAY, Manager.
W. F. BULLEN, Secretary.

GROCERIES.

J. PINLAYSON,

GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

Dealer in FINE FAMILY GROCERIES, of all kinds. Table delicacies in great variety. Also, choice Tea and Coffee.

PRINTING.

MUNROE MILLER,

STEAM BOOK & JOB PRINTER, Johnson St., near Broad. VICTORIA, B. C.

PORTLAND ADVERTISEMENTS.

Murphy, Grant & Co.

IMPORTERS OF

STAPLE AND

Fancy Dry Goods

PORTLAND, Cor. Front & Pine Sts. | SAN FRANCISCO: Sansome and Bush Sts.

BUSINESS EDUCATION.

Columbia Commercial College.

W. S. JAMES ..... Principal
J. A. VERGON ..... Secretary and Penman
N. W. cor. Second & Salmon Sts.

The C. C. Journal (new edition) giving full information, sent FREE. Address W. S. James, Principal. Portland, Or., P. O. box 503.

SAN FRANCISCO ADVERTISEMENTS.

S. P. WARREN & CO.,

STOCK BROKERS,

411 California St., San Francisco.

STOCK BOUGHT AND SOLD AND CARried on margin.

Money to loan in large and small amounts on Mining Stocks. Stocks paid for the same day as sold. Assessments paid and dividends collected without charge.

Special attention given to all orders from the country. oc9-3m.

W. E. CHAMBERLAIN & T. A. ROBINSON

PACIFIC Business College, 320 POST ST. SAN FRANCISCO

LIFE SCHOLARSHIPS $75

No Vacations

DAY AND EVENING SESSIONS.

Ladies admitted into all departments.

Send for circulars

## NOTICE.

The Victoria Theatre Co., Limited, will not be responsible for any Debts contracted by any employee on their new building on whatsoever pretext. By order of

C. E. APPONYI,
Supt.

my12 tf

## Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land, situate at Homfray Channel New Westminster District, described as follows:

Commencing at Mr. Lewis' northeast corner; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains to Wm. Lewis' northwest corner; thence west 80 chains to point of commencement.

jn23 law 2m F. PAFFORD.

## Notice

I HEREBY give notice that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 320 acres of land, situated on the east side of Muriel creek, Otter District, commencing at a post 20 chains north from a post on the head of 3 mile arm of Muriel creek; running north 40 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 40 chains; thence east 80 chains to the point of commencement.

WM. McFERRON.

May 8, 1885. my8-3m

# The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Victoria, Saturday, July 11, 1885.


## CITY AND PROVINCE.

—Hot weather.

—The communication of "Parent" will appear in Monday's TIMES.

—One hundred and eighty-four sheep arrived for Van Volkenburgh & Co. this morning by the Olympian.

—Both the telegraph and telephone wires are down between New Westminster and Port Moody.

—Hudson Bay shares in London on the 3rd instant, were quoted at £16½. Canadian Pacific was firm at 41⅝@42.

—Most of the railway gangs at Port Moody were, on account of the completion of work, discharged on Monday.

—The wires were down to-day and we are minus our regular dispatches. The Colonist mosquito is at its old tricks again.

—The statement in the Columbian that the Yosemite is to be withdrawn from the New Westminster route on Monday is incorrect.

—The railway work is now supposed to be completed between Port Moody and Savona, a distance of 213 miles, only section gangs being employed along the route.

—A contract for the construction of Discovery Island lighthouse has been awarded to Mr. A. Mennie, of Port Moody.

—Smoke still hangs over the face of nature in the neighborhood of New Westminster, and objects are scarcely visible across the river.

—Out of 21 canneries on Columbia river only 15 are working this year. It is not expected the pack will much exceed 250,000 cases, as the run is very light.

—C. D. Rand has resumed business and has taken an office on Bastion street over Dr. Chipp's where he will carry on business as a real estate broker and insurance agent.

—The pamphlets containing the prize list of the British Columbia Agricultural Society are out, and are being distributed by the secretary, Mr. W. D. Ferris.

—Mr. C. Pagden having purchased and repaired the Merchants' Exchange Saloon, corner Fort and Wharf streets, will re-open on Tuesday, 14th July, when he will be pleased to see his friends and public generally.

—The through mail went to Port Hammond on the steamer on Friday, as the road between New Westminster and Port Moody isn't safe after dark on account of falling trees.

During the month of June the duties collected at New Westminster amounted to $5,561.89; other revenues, $68.14; total, $5,630.03. Compared with June of last year this year shows a decrease of $2,020.60.

—Ex-Governor Newell, of Washington Territory, lately of Olympia, Indian Inspector, has been supplanted by Gen. Armstrong, a thorough-going Democrat. The appointment is a very offensive one to the W. T. Republicans.

—In the case of the young man Dewsnap, an order was placed in Sheriff McMillan's hands to-day for his removal to the asylum at New Westminster. He will be taken up on Monday. The case is a lamentable one.

—Rear-Admiral Baird will be relieved in November at Esquimalt by Rear-Admiral Sir Michael Culme-Seymour, having been ordered to take command of the reserve squadron. Sir Michael will be accompanied to this station by Lady Seymour.

—While the Chinese restriction bill was passing through the House Mr. Baker, M. P., asked that its measures should come into force on the 1st of October, so far as direct immigration from China was concerned. The House did not concur in the suggestion.

—The anniversary of the battle of the Boyne, falling this year on Sunday (to-morrow), the Orangemen of the city and neighborhood celebrate the event to-day by a picnic in Saanich. A number of busses, loaded with passengers, left the city between 7 and 8 o'clock, to attend the gathering.

—The Chinamen, numbering near one hundred, encamped on Cook street, Beacon Park, were visited last night by Supt. Bloomfield and ordered to leave. If they should "stand upon the order of their going" too long the police court room will be too small to hold the crowd that will be run in for unlawful trespass.

—Referring to the debate on the Chinese restriction Act, a correspondent says that as one British Columbia member sat down there would be cries from all parts of the House for another, until at last Mr. Ross, the seventh member for British Columbia, was loudly called for, but failed to respond.

—Hon. Mr. Chapleau in introducing the Chinese restriction Act, praised the Chinese as frugal, honest, industrious, and useful citizens, and almost deplored that he was compelled to legislate against them. He candidly admitted that "party exigencies," and not his own convictions, impelled him to bring in a bill to restrict Chinese immigration.

—Our readers in the rural districts will be glad to see the changes in respect to pre-emption in the railway belt and the removal of the clause requiring a certain amount of clearing. When the local government failed to produce any results, a few earnest men accomplished all that was required. So says the Mainland Guardian.

—In committee, Hon. Mr. Chapleau procured the passage of an amendment to the Chinese restriction Act, providing that in case of a vessel sailing from any port in North America the bill should come into force within one month after its passage, six months being the limit in the case of a vessel sailing from China and elsewhere.

—Few of our citizens seem to remember that there is a law in force requiring owners of real estate to cut all thistles on their land before a certain date. It is the intention of the police to enforce this law, and next week all who have not complied with its requirements run a chance of being defendants in suits brought against them by the chief of police.

—The Olympian brought freight to-day for the following: Delaney & Co, Neufelder & Ross, S Milling & Co, J G Smith, S Baker & Co, J Wilson, Van Volkenburgh & Co, J McPhee, Marvin & Tilton, W G Morris, W G Richardson, Rev J J Johnson, T Earle, J A Caton & Co, J H Todd & Son, Welch, Rithet & Co, J E McDonald & Co.

—At a regular communication of New Westminster Lodge, No. 3, IOOF, held on Thursday night last, the following officers were installed by Bro William McCall, Grand Master:—Bro R H Baker, P G; Bro A McCorvie, N G; Bro P J Foulds, V G; Bro S T Mackintosh, R S; Bro N A White, P S; Bro J E Phillips, Treas; Bro W S McKinlay, W; Bro Chas Murray, C; Bro W H Edwards, I G; Bro R S Scoullar, R S N G; Bro W A Reeves, L S N G; Bro C R Monck, R S V G; Bro W B Shiles, L S V G.

### The Colonist a Finger Board to Houses of Ill-repute.

The "spicy" Colonist having been caught on the hip by THE TIMES writhes under the well merited castigation and exposure of its true character, which is simply that of a paid finger-board to point the way to houses of ill-repute. The contemptuous name applied to those vampires of society is that which we will not mention, and which has been earned by the Colonist, in publishing the Morgan card. The Colonist says that the two cases are not parallel. We are pleased to know that they are not. THE TIMES only advertises hotels licensed by the authorities as proper houses of accommodation, while the Colonist, leager to prostitute its columns for the filthy lucre, publishes advertisements of notorious bagnios, kept in defiance of the law. It is true that the editor of the Colonist endeavored to keep the Morgan advertisements in a part of his paper where they might be as little seen as possible, so ashamed was its editor of his action in accepting the advertisement, but that is only in keeping with the general conduct of the editor of the Colonist, and others of like ilk, who knowing their calling to be of an unprincipled and reprehensible nature require to be followed very quietly. This censorious Colonist is the same paper which falsified the death rate of this city for the purpose of damaging it as a desirable place of resort! Can the editor deny it? No, the proof is in his own paper. Out then upon a man, who from personal jealousies, in a business point of view, tries to besmirch a contemporary, which has simply done its duty—while the columns of his own journal are reeking with falsehoods and the very vilest and impure advertisements that it is possible to pen. There is not a respectable person in Victoria, but expresses himself as having no confidence in the Colonist or its editor.

### PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr and Mrs Murray, Tacoma, are stopping at the American.

Mr. H. M. Wright, of Seattle, is in the city to-day.

Miss Story returned home to-day after a pleasant visit to Maple Bay.

Messrs. W. Angus, J. Teague and J. P. Walls, returned on the Amelia this evening.

Rev C J Brenton, Principal of Lorne College, New Westminster, arrived in the city to-day.

C F Reynolds, Oyster Harbor; Capt. Smith, of the Barnard Castle; Thos McNeely, Ladner's Landing; are guests at the Oriental.

Mr. L. A. Hamilton, assistant land commissioner of the C. P. R., came down from the mainland to-day, and is registered at the Driard.

C. H. Clarke, and G. S. Knapp, Chicago, M. Witzinski and Mrs. Witzinski, Portland; E. F. Shickland, Boston; Daniel McDonald, Winnipeg, and D. Harrington, Yale, are registered to-day at the Driard.

Mr. J. Wolf returned from the mainland to-day. He thinks the site selected for the terminus is a "most magnificent one," and that once operations on construction account begin a very busy time will be witnessed at the terminal city.

W G Ross, Chicago; R Campbell, M McEwen, Miss S Campbell, Miss J M Campbell, Montreal; James Creighton, Hamilton; R Lowery, Peter Clark, Hugh Mildrew, Joseph Heaney, Winnipeg; S Olson, Seattle; R P Nelson, New Westminster, R M Ferris, Frank Calbreath, C P R, and A Davis, Ladner's Landing, arrived in the city to-day and are the Occidental.

Passengers by the Olympian to-day were: M McAtty and wife, Miss Stewart, A McEwen, J Campbell, Miss Campbell, Miss J Campbell, Capt Smith, Mr Reynolds, Miss Welyinski, M Welyinski, T Bowman, A Steinberger, E F Strickland, J Welch, Miss A Elder, Mrs McLellan, Mrs A J Murray, Mrs D P Heap, J Goode, J Murray, P Black, S Gray and wife, J E Torquoers, S Oneson, Mrs Campbell, H P Cramer and wife, C Burrell, B Lowrie, H Meldrew, A Heney, J Heney, J Craney, Mr Lange and wife, G S Knapp, C H Clark, J W Phillips, H M Wright, Capt Urquhart, Mrs M Welch.

### MARINE NOTES.

The Slope brought down a number of passengers from the Inlet to-day.

The Eliza Anderson arrived from Seattle about its usual time this morning.

The Alexander has gone to Nanaimo to tow the ship Melrose, loaded with coal for San Francisco.

The Evangel arrived from the Islands this morning and left again at 12 a. m. for Port Townsend.

The Bithet left at 1 o'clock sharp to-day for Yate and way ports. She had twenty-five through passengers and fifty tons of freight.

The Olympian arrived promptly on time to-day and left again about 1:30 p. m. for Tacoma and other Sound ports.

The U. S. light-house tender Shubrick, Capt. Gregory, on the San Francisco station, arrived this morning. She departed again during the afternoon.

Captain Eugene Biondi of Port Townsend has been appointed agent and mineral surveyor of the Board of Marine Underwriters of San Francisco for all Puget Sound ports. Captain Biondi having had a sea experience of 27 years in the merchant marine, the United States Navy and revenue marine service, is well adapted to fill this responsible position to the satisfaction of the shipping community of the Sound.

### The Colonist Coterie.

The Colonist coterie are again writing themselves mutual admiration letters. It is not the intention of THE TIMES to ask the said coterie's opinion as to how we should conduct our business, or the principles upon which this journal is to be managed. The public are the best judges of our efforts, and as "nothing succeeds like success," THE TIMES can point with some degree of pride to the fact that its circulation is steadily increasing in the city, while in the country our weekly edition has the largest circulation in British Columbia. In the future, as in the past, we shall call a spade and spade, expose villainy and wrong doing—emanate from whence it may—no matter how much the same may pinch the tender feet of the Colonist coterie.

### The Chinese Interpreter.

Mr. W. Cumyow, we understand is a candidate for the position of interpreter under the provisions of the Chinese Immigration restrictive act, which has just passed the Commons, and becomes law on the 3rd of August. The petition circulated in favor of Mr. Cumyow is being extensively signed by business men and others, of this city. Mr. Cumyow is a native of the province, received his education and business training here; he is held in high esteem by all who have had business transactions with him, by whom he is regarded as in every way well qualified for the position to which he is aspiring. The petition will be forwarded to the Governor-General through the representatives of this province and the Secretary of State, Hon. Mr. Chapleau.

THE WILHELM'S QUELLA natural mineral water, also English ginger ale and soda water at HENRY SAUNDERS', Johnson street.

### A SINGULAR BOOK.

#### Scintillating with Sarcasm and Brilliant with Truth.

New York Correspondent American Rural Home.

Chap. I. "Has Malaria," goes to Florida.

Chap. II. "Overworked," goes to Europe.

Chap. III. "Has Rheumatism:" goes to Ems.

Chap. IV. Has a row with his Doctor.

The above chapters, Mr. Editor, I find in a book recently published by an anonymous author. I have read a deal of sarcasm in my day but I never read anything equal to the sarcasm herein contained. I suspect the experience portrayed is a personal one; in short, the author intimates as much on page 31. Let me give you a synopsis:

"Malaria" as it states is the cloak with which superficial physicians cover up a multitude of ill-feelings which they do not understand, and do not much care to investigate. It is also a cover for such diseases as they cannot cure. When they advise their patient to travel or that he has overworked and needs rest and is probably suffering from malaria, it is a confession of ignorance or of inability. The patient goes abroad. The change is a tonic and for a time feels better. Comes home. Fickle appetite, frequent headaches, severe colds, cramps, sleeplessness, irritability, tired feelings, and general unfitness for business are succeeded in due time by alarming attacks of rheumatism which flits about his body regardless of all human feelings.

It is muscular—in his back. Articular—in his joints. Inflammatory, yo! how it fears it will fly to his heart! Now off he goes to the springs. The doctor sends him there, of course, to get well; all the same time he does not really want him to die on his hands!

That would hurt his business!

Better for a few days. Returns. After a while neuralgia transfixes him. He bloats; cannot breathe; has pneumonia; cannot walk; cannot sleep on his left side; is fretful, very nervous and irritable; is pale and flabby; has frequent chills and fevers; everything about him seems to go wrong; becomes suspicious; musters up strength and demands to know what is killing him!

"Great heaven!" he cries, "why have you kept me so long in ignorance?"

"Because," said the doctor, "I read your fate five years ago. I thought best to keep you comfortable and ignorant of the facts."

He dismisses his doctor, but too late! His fortune has all gone to fees.

But him, what becomes of him?

The other day a well known Wall Street banker said to me "it is really astonishing how common Bright's disease is becoming. Two of my personal friends are now dying of it. But it is not incurable I am certain, for my nephew was recently cured when his physicians said recovery was impossible. The case seems to me to be a wonderful one." This gentleman formerly represented his government in a foreign country. He knows, appreciates and declares the value of that preparation, because his nephew, who is a son of Danish Vice-Consul Schmidt, was pronounced incurable when the remedy, Warner's safe cure, was begun. "Yes," said his father, "I was very skeptical, but since taking that remedy the boy is well."

I regret to note that ex-President Arthur is said to be a victem of this terrible disease. He ought to live but the probabilities are that since authorized remedies can not cure him, his physicans will not advise him to save his life, as so many thousands have done, by the use of Warner's safe cure, which Gen. Christiansen, at Drexel, Morgan & Co.'s told me he regarded "as a wonderful remedy."

Well, I suspect the hero of the book cured himself by the same means. The internal evidence points very strongly to this conclusion.

I cannot close my notice of this book better than by quoting his advice to his readers:

"If, my friend, you have such an experience as I have portrayed, do not put your trust in physicians to the exclusion of other remedial agencies. They have no monopoly over disease and I personally know that many of them are so very 'conscientious' that they will far prefer that their patients should go to Heaven direct from their powerless hands than that they should be saved to earth by the use of any 'unauthorized' means."

And that the author's condemnation is too true, how many thousands duped, and yet rescued, as he was, can personally testify?


LABATT'S LONDON PALE ALE.

Highest Awards, Philadelphia, 1876; Canada, 1876; Australia, 1877; Paris, 1878. Connoisseurs and Lovers of Fine Ale will enquire at the Hotels and Saloons for the above, which is now offered, for the first time, in this market.


### POLICE COURT.

(Before E. Johnson, S. M.)

Wm. Whale, charged with being drunk, pleaded guilty and was fined $5.

Henry O. Bristow, charged with obtaining money under false pretenses, by issuing bogus cheques for small sums and getting them cashed. Mr. Smith applied for a remand until Tuesday at 11 o'clock, to give time to the prisoner to get evidence from the mainland. Remanded accordingly.

### The Roller Skating Rink

At the roller skating rink last evening, Kirkman, LeLievre, Fry and Law competed in the two mile race. After a few laps Fry dropped out. LeLievre maintained his position for a number of rounds and after a while forged ahead and continued to increase his lead for a number of laps. An unfortunate foul occurred between Professor Kirkman and Law when the former was passing the latter, which gave LeLievre still more advantage. But he gained upon them even in the last few rounds, and came in an easy winner by two laps, in about nine minutes. Kirkman took second money. The race was for two prizes of $10 and $5, and was witnessed by a large crowd.

### An Arrangement Come to.

The differences that have existed between the firms of Larkin, Connolly & Co. and Kempster Bros., have been arranged, and the works were started this morning with a full force of men by the Messrs. Kempster Bros., under the direction and control of Messrs. Larkin, Connolly & Co., who will pay the men. The output of the yard will be doubled as soon as the machines now under course of construction are completed, which will probably be during the ensuing week. One of the Hoffman annular kilns, which work every day in the year, is being added to the machinery. They are used in the manufacture of brick, tile or terra cotta, and produce a more perfect burn than any other system.

Mrs. Chandler's fine new house, (on Simcoe and Toronto streets, above Capt. Irving's) is to let. Nine rooms, kitchen, bath-room, water-closet, Chinaman's room, pantries, dumb waiter, hot and cold water, speaking tubes, &c. Rent moderate. Enquire at cottage on the premises, or to Mr. Chandler, Hudson's Bay Company's offices.

### Bush Fires from Yale to English Bay.

The Columbian says that from Mud Bay to Hope there are many fires, but not of a serious character. On the north side of the Fraser the fires extend from Yale to English Bay. The heroic actions of the people of Emory saved that place from total destruction a few days ago. At Cat's Landing McRae's logging camp is burned. Between Stave River and Port Hammond the fire has swept over a large tract of country, and several cabins in the rear of Maple Ridge, near the Lillooet River, have been burned.

Already THE TIMES has mentioned the loss of Capt. Pittendrigh's house at Pitt River and Mr. McLellan's house. Mr. Rosseau lost 70 cords of wood and a lot of bark. All about Port Moody the fires have been burning for days, and great damage must have been done to the strip of valuable timber between Port Moody and the river. A large quantity of cord wood cut by Mr. Docksteader near the Thompson trail was also burnt up. Port Moody road has been blocked up in a great many places by fallen trees, and a gang of men is at work all the time keeping it open. The fire is now westward nearly to the Brunette river. North of Burrard Inlet, near Moodyville, the fire is still raging. Large quantities of smoke are coming over from Vancouver Island, and the whole country appears to be suffering.

### The U. S. Solicitor-General.

Solicitor-General Goode, of the U. S., arrived in Victoria to-day from Washington to direct the proceedings about to be taken for the extradition of Hibbs, the absconding postmaster. He came overland via the Northern Pacific, switching off at Wallula to visit Lewiston, Idaho, where he was delayed some days in securing testimony against the accused, which was sent to Washington to have the papers duly authenticated. Postmaster-General Vilas and Attorney-General Garland have had consultations on this case, and are of opinion that the offence can be proved to be an extraditable one, and Secretary Bayard concurs with them. The solicitor-general is a gentleman of commanding presence, apparently about fifty years of age, and very dignified in his bearing. He has occupied a leading position in the American congress, and is a lawyer of large experience and undoubted talent. He is a Virginian by birth and represented that state during several sessions of congress. This is the first visit to the coast, with which he is very favorably impressed.

### Sheep Ranch Sold.

Messrs. Pimbury Bros. have sold their extensive sheep ranch on Salt Spring Island, opposite the harbor of Cowichan, to Mr. Musgrave, a wealthy English gentleman, who has lately arrived here. The price paid, we understand, was in the vicinity of $20,000.

Almost every person has some form of scrofulous poison latent in his veins. When this developes in scrofulous sores, ulcers, or eruptions, or takes the form of rheumatism, or organic diseases, the suffering that ensues is terrible beyond description. Hence the gratitude of those who discover, as thousands yearly do, that Ayer's Sarsaparilla will thoroughly eradicate this evil.

The celebrated APPOLINARIS and VICHY WATERS on sale at FELL & Co.'s

The best place to buy your groceries is at FELL & Co.'s, Fort street.

One hundred and fifty Jerseys received to-day at White House. HUTCHESON, YOUNG & Co.

NAPPLEON & Sons are again receiving, weekly, by refrigerator express, WHITE CLOVER BUTTER.

The CHAMPION CASH BOX, with COMBINATION LOCK, for money or valuable documents. A full supply to hand and for sale by

M. W. WAITT & Co.

**The Oriental Restaurant will here after be kept open day and night.**

### H. M. Stanley's New Book "The Congo."

No traveler of modern times has received such celebrity as has H. M. Stanley, the famous African Explorer. His fame as a traveler is more than equalled in his literary efforts. His latest book, "The Congo," reads like a fairy tale Messrs. J. H. FERGUSON & Co. are agents for the work and have it on sale.

### Now Ready.

The B. C. Directory for 1885, just issued by R. T. Williams, Publisher, is a perfect compendium of information concerning the city of Victoria and the Province of British Columbia. The subscription price, $1.50, is so low that it should be kept as a book of reference in every business house and residence in the Province.

Robt. T. Williams, Book Binder Paper Ruler and Blank Book Manufacturer. Maps and Drawing Paper Mounted. Office of the B. C. Directory Broad St.


THE GOLDSTREAM EXPRESS

Will leave Mr. A. Gilmore's store, Johnson street, every morning at 8:30 o'clock, and returning will leave the Goldstream House at 5 p. m., for Victoria. JAMES PHAIR, Manager. my7-1m

NEW TO-DAY.

ROBT. LIPSETT.

REAL ESTATE BROKER AND FINANCIAL AGENT,

July11 Government street, Victoria, B. C.

ICE! ICE!

Leave your Orders for Ice at the Oriental Hotel.

Delivered every other day on the arrival of the steamer "Eliza Anderson."

July 13 H. E. WRIGHT.

J. P. DAVIES & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.

HAY!

WE WILL SELL

On the C. P. N. Co.'s Wharf,

AT 10:15 A. M.

Wednesday, July 15,

EIGHTY BALES

HAY.

15% TERMS CASH.

July11 JOSHUA DAVIES, Auctioneer

NEW TO-DAY.

FIRE!

Royal Insurance Co.

Accepts Risks throughout the Province of British Columbia.

Policies issued by the General Agents in Victoria, who have full power to settle losses without reference to Head or Branch Offices.

The ROYAL has a larger cash surplus than any other Company in the world

Robert Ward & Co.,

WHARF STREET,

General Agents for British Columbia

July3 1m

CAUTION.

Curtis's & Harvey's

SPORTING POWDER.

It having been reported that certain unscrupulous dealers have been buying up empty cans formerly used for Messrs. Curtis & Harvey's celebrated Diamond Grain Powder, and filling them with an article of inferior manufacture; Notice is hereby given that any infringement on the rights of Messrs. Curtis's & Harvey will be dealt with according to law without further notification.

Robert Ward & Co.,

Agents for

Messrs. Curtis's & Harvey, London.

Sportsmen can rely on procuring the genuine Diamond Powder of Messrs. Curtis & Harvey from Mr. HENRY SHORT, Gunmaker, Fort street. july3

J. H. CUTTER

BOURBON WHISKEY,

Cargo and Bulk.

R. C. JANION

STORE STREET.

MADAME WHARTON,

WHO has had large experience in Europe and San Francisco.

Cures all Diseases of the Hair

And restores it to its natural condition in a short time. Also keeps in stock a large variety of

Hair Goods of all shades.

LADIES AND CHILDREN'S HAIR CUT AND DRESSED A la Langtry. Front pieces and wigs done up to order. Ladies who favor me with their patronage will find it to their advantage to do so. Apprentices wanted for ventilating.

Yates street, near Douglas. jy6

For San Francisco.

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, Wells Fargo & Co's Express, and Northern Pacific Express.

The Pacific Coast Steamship Co.'s Steamer

Queen of the Pacific,

CAPTAIN ALEXANDER.

Will sail from Victoria wharf, outer harbor, for San Francisco on

TUESDAY, JULY 14, AT NOON.

Intending Shippers are requested to make arrangements for Freight as early as possible, so that room may be reserved for their shipments.

Freight for shipment by her is required to be on the wharf of the undersigned by 5 o'clock P. M., on Monday, July 11.

For Freight and Passage apply to

WELCH RITHET & CO.,

July8 Agents.

THE FAST STEAMER



"Wilmington,"

CAPT. BLACKBURN,

Will leave San Francisco

FOR THIS PORT

On Wednesday July 15th, 1885.

Telegrams sent not later than the 14th inst. will be in time for shipment.

As this vessel will discharge at Turner, Beeton & Co.'s wharf, consignees will save about 25 cts. a ton drayage, and about a day in delivery of goods.

TURNER, BEETON & CO., July9 Agents.

Victoria Dispatch Co.

J. McDONALD. A. GOLLREY.
D. COWDY. D. W. SMITH.

ALL KINDS OF

Express Work

Executed with promptness and dispatch and at all hours.

Orders can be left at the TIMES' Office, or at TELEPHONE No. 45.

jy20

Dump Carts.

TO CONTRACTORS & FARMERS

Just Received from the East,

A Carload of splendid Dump Carts, with Oak Boxes.

They are offered at Remarkably Low Prices.

Apply to

E. G. PRIOR.

jy11 1m Government Street, Victoria.

NOTICE.

MR. AND MRS. J. W. MARTIN, of the VICTORIA STEAM LAUNDRY, are sorry to announce to their many patrons and customers that they are compelled to shut down on account of water. Due notice will be given when they resume business.

July7 MR. & MRS. J. W. MARTIN.

ROCKFORD

QUICK TRAIN WATCHES.

Unequalled in Exacting Service. Used by the U. S. Coast Survey; U. S. Naval Observatory by Locomotive Engineers and other Railway men. They are recognized as THE BEST. Sold in principal cities and towns by exclusive Agents (leading jewelers), with a full warranty

G. W. A. LANGE & SON

VICTORIA.

Sole Agents for British Columbia.

MOURNING A SPECIALTY.

MRS. WHITLAW,

MILLINER.

A large variety of HATS and BONNETS, Fancy Materials, Ribbons, Laces, and all the leading Novelties for Millinery.

FORT STREET.

FARMERS!

The Victoria Transfer Co.

WILL EXCHANGE

Horses and Second-hand Vehicles

FOR ALL KINDS OF

FARM PRODUCE.

C. BYRNES,

AUCTIONEER.

AUCTION.

Real Estate Sale

Of Choice Properties

In Victoria City and Lake District,

IN DESIRABLE LOCATIONS.

I have been instructed to sell by Auction, at my Salesrooms, corner Fort and Langley streets,

ON SATURDAY, JULY 18th,

AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON,

The following Real Estate properties:

JOHNSON STREET.

Lot
1. Town Lot 1048, above Cook street, with three roomed lathed and plastered frame cottages, four rooms each, at a rental of $10 per month.
4. Town Lot 1049 adjoining the above.

NORTH PARK STREET.

Lot
5. Subdivision No. 17 of suburban 5 acre lot No. XVIII, 50x140 deep.
6. Subdivision No 18, adjoining above.
7. Subdivision No. 19, with a well built Frame House, five rooms, and Stable thereon; lot at $15 per month.
8. A superior dwelling of 5 rooms, let at $16 per month.

COOK, PARK AND PUTMAN STREETS.

Lot
9. Subdivision No 21, 70 feet on Cook street by 160 on North Park street, an excellent building site.
10. Subdivision No 22, 70 feet on Cook street by 160 on Putman street.

MENZIES STREET.

Lot
11. Subdivisions Nos 4 and 14 and southern halves of 3 and 15 of Lot XV, Beckley Farm, about 2-5ths of an acre, adjoining the residence of Mr. Pittock.
13. Subdivisions Nos 2 and 15, adjoining the above, and containing about 2-5ths of an acre.

LAKE DISTRICT.

Lot
12. Section 58, containing 160 acres, excepting 9.51 acres, sold to the Corporation of the city of Victoria.
14. Section 60, containing 160 acres.
15. Section 69, containing 160 acres.

The Auctioneer would call the attention of investors to these properties as a good, sound investment. The properties in the neighborhood are being rapidly improved, and are yearly increasing in value.

For further particulars apply to the Auctioneer.

Terms at sale.

C. BYRNES, Auctioneer

jy8

THEATRE COMIQUE.

L. J. Cross, Manager for T. D. Syrs & Co., of the Theatre Comique, Fort street, will arrive on the next steamer with a

First Class Company

OF FIFTEEN PEOPLE.

The Theatre Comique

WILL BE OPENED ON

Monday Evening next

the 13th inst.,

When a strictly first class entertainment will be furnished.

jy8

Oil Paintings

The subscribers have received instructions from the

ART GALLERY

OF PHILADELPHIA

To offer for sale by public Auction, the balance of about

70 Real Oil Paintings,

BY CELEBRATED ARTISTS,

Elegantly Framed.

The sale will take place at the City Auction Mart, Yates street, on

Monday and Tuesday Afternoons and Evenings,

Sale at 2 and 7 o'clock.

As we have to give up possession of the store on the 15th inst., the whole of the above valuable collection is ordered to be closed.

The pictures will be on view on Monday morning and up to time of sale.

W. DUFOUR & CO., july10 Auctioneers.

Auction Sale

OF

Machine Tools,

That should have taken place on the 7th, is postponed until

Monday, July 13th,

At 12:30 p.m.,

When the sale will take place at the Auction room, Yates street.

W. R. CLARKE, July10 Auctioneer.

E. G. PRIOR,

IMPORTER OF

Iron, Steel, Hardware

AND

Agricultural Machinery.

Builders' Hardware,
Miners' Outfits,
Farm Wagons,
Plows, Harrows,
Mowers, Reapers,
Twine Binders,
Etc., Etc., Etc.

GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA.

THE BELMONT

Tanning and Boot and Shoe Manufacturing Co., Limited.

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

Leather, Boots, Shoes, &c

Upper, Sole, Kip, Calf, Harness, Russet & Bridle Leather.

Cash paid for Hides, Calf & Sheepskins

GOVERNMENT ST. VICTORIA, B.C.